جوردان تابِمز يومِيةِ سياسية تُصَنَّو بِالأنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية ،الراي،

Israeli soldier killed after clash

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - An Israeli soldier died of wounds Sunday after a clash last week in which troops killed three in commandos who penetrated Israel's Lebanon border, the array said. Yonatan Baranas was the sole officially confirmed Israeli casualty of last Thursday's exchange with fighters from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) who cut a hole through a border fence near a settlement. The Israeli army command also said Sunday that security forces captured an eight-man Palestinian group from Jerusalem and the occupied West Bank, Members of the cell allegedly shot and killed an Israeli settler walking through the Jerusalem's walled Old City last November, and knifed and wounded two others in January, 1987.

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Fayez in Tunis

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TUNIS (Petra) — Lower House of Parliament Speaker Akef Al Fayez, who is also speaker of the Arah Parliamentary Union (APU). Sunday arrived in Tunis at the head of a Jordanian parliamentary delegation to take part in the 18th session of the APU which starts here today.

Arab panel meets on Iran-Iraq war

TUNIS (Petra) — A seven-man pan-Arab committee entrusted with following-up on the develop-

Iraqi leader meets

AMMAN (J.T.) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein Sunday met in Baghdad with the chief editors of the three Jordanian Arabic dailies, Al Ra'i, Al Dustour and Sawt Al Shaab, Jordan Television reported. The three editors, currently on an official visit to Iraq, were received Saturday by Iraqi Information Minister Latif Nasif Jassem, who spoke bighly of the Jordanian press in highlighting pan-Arah issues.

Khamenei gets Soviet message

NICOSIA (R) — Iran's President Ali Khamener received a message from the Soviet leadership Sunday, Tehran Radio reported. The radio did not reveal the contents hnt said the note was given to Khamenei by the Soviet ambassa-dor to Tehran, Vladimir Gudev.

Sudanese delegation to visit Iraq

KHARTOUM (R) — A Sudanese delegation, headed by Supreme Council member Pacifico Lolik, will make a five-day visit to Iraq from Feb. 4, the Sudan News Agency (SUNA) revants in the Foreign Ministry had been suspended following the assassination here on Jan. 17 of an exiled Iraqi opposition leader. The paper said that Mahdi Al Hakim, killed hy an unknown gunmas in a Khartoum hotel, should not have received a visa to visit the country.

KHARTOUM (R) — A Sudanese MiG-23 fighter crashed on landing at Juba airport in south Sudan Saturday, killing the pilot, a military statement said Sunday. The Soviet-made plane had not been involved in military operations, an army spokesman told Reuters. He hlamed the

Agency (CIA), but declined to give further details saying a state-"Eleven people died, all of them Nicaraguans," rebel spokes-

- Amal lifts siege of Rashidiyeh, page 2 Queen opens new UDD
- headquarters, page 3 Tunisian elections — a
- real test, page 4 • 145 countries to attend
- bid at Australian Open,

ments of the Iran-Iraq war met here Sunday. The committee groups foreign ministers of Jor-dan, Saudi Arahia, Tunisia, Kuwait, Morocco, North Yemen, Iraq and Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi.

Jordanian editors

ported. Meanwhile the indepen-dent newspaper Al Siyassa re-ported that two senior civil ser-

Sudanese jet crashes

crash on a technical fault.

Contra supply plane downed; 11 killed

MANAGUA (R) — Nicaragua said Sunday its troops had shot down a cargo plane ferrying sup-plies to U.S.-backed rebels and a contra spokeswoman said all 11 Nicaraguan rebels aboard had been killed. A Nicaraguan defence ministry spokesman said the plane was part of a rebel re-supply operation organised hy the U.S. Central Intelligence ment would be issued later. woman Marta Sacasa told Reuters by telephone from Miami.

INSIDE

- AIDS talks, page 5

 Wilander foils Cash's
- Iraq encourages private
- 10 killed in Bangladesh police firing, page 8

Tunis meeting adopts Jordanian proposal to set up special panel, calls on Security Council to seek end to Israeli occupation

Arab states pledge complete support for Palestinian revolt sus sunday and at least two protesters were shot and wounded by

TUNIS — Arab foreign ministers Sunday unanimously demanded an end to Israel's occupation of Arab territories and pledged to continue material and political support for the Palestinians in the occupied territories to continue their anti-occupation uprising.

Jordanian proposal to form a special panel of foreign ministers to draw up a strategy to advance efforts to convene an international conference on the Arab-Israeli conflict and called on the U.N. Security Council to "assume its responsibilities for putting an end to the occupation of the Palestinian and Arab territories,"

Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri, speaking to reporters after the meeting, said the newlyformed committee, which includes Jordan, Syria, Iraq, Tuni-sia, Algeria, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi, would meet soon.

In a statement carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Masri said the ongoing Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories had created a favourable atmosphere in the international scene to help the committee

The ministers also adopted a launch its task, which also includes finding means to implement pan-Arab decisions pertaining to the Arab-Israeli conflict, direct Arah diplomatic moves at the U.N. and contacts with the members of the Security Council to pave the way for an international peace conference,

The final statement issued at the end of the Tunis meeting said: "The meeting pledges to continue to support materially and politically the nprising of the Arab and Palestinian people in order to allow it to continue its struggle." Delegates at the two-day

emergency meeting had shown unusual unanimity in thrashing out the final five-page document, officials were quoted as saying.
"The atmosphere of the gathering was in the spirit of the nprising," said senior Arah League spokesman Mohammad L. Farrah.

Taher Al Masri

Arah foreign ministers after six weeks of violent anti-occupation protests in the West Bank and

It took some two and a half bours to put final touches to the draft resolution. Farrah said there had been no differences, only certain "observations" from the unidentified delegation on a sentence dealing with called-for international Middle East peace

The final resolution called for a peace conference on the basis of earlier Arab League summit re-The call on the U.N. Security

Libya called the meeting of Council to adopt resolutions to

Arab and Palestinian territory referred also to the Golan Heights and South Lebanon as well as Gaza and the West Bank.

The final resolution also invited the United Nations to su-pervise any Israeli withdrawal from land occupied in 1967. It called on the Security Council to stop Israel's inhuman mea-

sures, including "assassinations, torture, hanishment and deten-Egypt, the only Arah state to

have signed a treaty with Israel, was not mentioned in the final Syria had proposed that Arab states with links with Egypt urge Cairo to sever all diplomatic rela-

tions with Israel. But Syrian Foreign Minister Farouq Sharaa said he was satisfied with the results of the meet-ing, and that 80 per cent of the Syrian draft resolution had been

cepted.
"There was a tacit understanding that all Arah states would centrate on this issue," he told reporters. ·

When the meeting opened Saturday, Klihi described Palesti-nians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip as "heroes who have roused the world's esteem and admira-

(Continued on page 4)

Genscher discusses peace with Israelis and Arabs TEL AVIV (Agencies) - West have criticised Israel over its ac- said.

Dietrich Genscher conveyed his country's concern over the situation in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip to Israeli leaders Sunday and explored prospects

for peace in the region.

Genscher, president of the European Council of Ministers, met Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, parliamentarians and Palestinian leaders before he was due to meet Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

We discussed the problems of the occupied territories and we expressed our concerns," Genscher told reporters, adding they also discussed hopes for an international Middle East peace con-

The European Community (EC), of which West Germany is currently president, and the United Nations Security Council

Genscher, who arrived Saturday for a 24-hour visit, said he "presented the positions that we have adopted in the EC" on the troubles and peace talks.

"Europe must ask itself what contributions it can make for a solution of the problems of the region," Genscher said. Solutions could not be imposed from the outside, be added.

"The talks went quite well," Peres told Reuters. "We are trying to see whether we can find an opportunity to continue the peace momentum. Some ideas were raised and they need to be

Genscher told seven leading Palestimans from the occupied territories that West Germany and the EC vigorously supported on the Middle East, participants

said the Palestinians called for more European pressure on Israel to participate in an international conference.

"We told him this uprising was a call to the nations of the world to exert pressure on Israel to sit at an international conference and to refrain from any malpractices," be said.

Six of the seven Palestinians presented a document calling for a Palestinian state alongside Israel and saying the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was the sole representative of the Palestinian people.

The seventh, Mayor Elias Freij, said he never signed such documents as a matter of principle hut endorsed its main points. Legislator Amnon Rubinstein or the Liberal Party said after a European position," Ehan told meeting with Genscher that the AP.

minister "wanted to allay Israeli international conference.

"His point was that one has to make a distinction between participation in an international forum and influence," Ruhinstein told the AP.

Senior Labour Party legislator Abba Eban said he told Genscher the violence in the occupied territories has made the status quo unbearable and has underscored the need to push forward the stalled peace efforts.

Eban said be also told Genscher that the EC should work with the United States to develop

a peace initiative.
"I said Europe should avoid separating itself from the United States. There should be a unified Western position, not an American position and a different

Analysts predict bloodier uprising if Israel continues to reject just peace Jaber, professor of political science at the University of Jordan

Following is the second part of a two-part article. The first part appeared in the issue of Jan. 24.

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

WHILE it is difficult to see what will actually materialise from the Israeli elections since the issue involves the Israeli people, the question remains whether the Israeli electorate has learnt any lessons from the Palestinian uprising.

"The main question is: Which party the Americans want to support," said Palestine National Council member Assad Abdul Rahman, director general of the Abdul Hamid Shoman Founda-

Columnist Tareq Masarweh believes that though the daily life of Americans is not affected by the uprising, U.S. public opinion is against what is happening in the occupied territories. He quoted a U.S. presidential candidate, Republican Robert Dole, as saying that while the U.S. supports Israel and gives it weapons, the Israelis are in turn using American weapons against teenagers.

However, the Americans have not been putting enough pressure on Israel, and their abstention over a U.N. resolution denouncing Israel's deportation of Palestinians was negative, said the head of Jerusalem Centre for Development Studies, Abdul Jawad Saleh, deported mayor of the West Bank of Al Bireh.

The Americans have not been abiding by a congressional act

that prohihits the U.S. from aiding countries that violate human rights," he said. According to Saleh, the only thing which would force the U.S. to react in a different way is the threat being posed to U.S. relations

with moderate Arah states. "It will not be easy for Arab states to sit idle before their people. Although pressure is being released through media coverage, those states at least will have to pressure the U.S. to do something," said Saleh. He saw a threat of a chain reaction effect: "The challenge the young people are putting up in the occupied territories against the Israeli military force is giving hope to the Arah World at large,"

The chairman of the World Affairs Conncil, Dr. Kamel Abu

added that it was the first time in 20 years that the Arah masses have had their hopes raised and some of their lost pride restored. The demonstrations in Arah states held in solidarity with the Palestinians were signs of Arah frustration with U.S. policies in the region, most of those interviewed stated. "I don't know if the U.S. is aware, but other signals to them include the bombs thrown outside the American and British consulates in Jerusalem and the hurning of American flags at the Al Aqsa Mosque," said Saleh.

Solution from within

Since the uprising has demonstrated the resilence of the Palestinian resistance, Masarweh points out, the Arab states should gain faith in their people and realise that the solution to their problem comes from within, not from London, Paris or New York. He said that while the Arah states were willing to make so many concessions to Israel for a political solution -- "it is now ohvious that more concessions won't convince Israel to sit and negotiate because the more concessions the Arabs make, the more they went the Israelis apetite for more."

Arah states had made many compromises because they were weak but the uprising has tipped the balance, Masarweh contended. The losses for Israel during the past weeks have been great; just because the labourers have not gone to work in Israel, over

\$50 million has been lost," he said. According to Masarweh, only 10 per cent of the Arab labourers, who approximately number 45,000 from Gaza and 75,000 from the West Bank, have gone to work in Israel, "and they (the workers)

are especially needed now because of the citrus season."

Saleh stresses that the Arah World should ensure the continuation of the strikes by helping solve the economic problems the inhabitants face. He suggests that instead of the workers striking one month, the Arab World should help them strike for six months.

PLO should act

He gave additional suggestions. "The PLO should not just be an (Continued on page 4)

Hundreds of protesters clash with Israeli troops in Nablus

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Hundreds of Palestinian demonstrators

In Gaza, the Israeli army announced only one of the strip's eight refugee camps, Jahalya, remained under total curfew, while a neighbourhood in a second camp, Rafah, also was curfewed.

In the West Bank, curfews were in force in the Askar refugee camp and the village of Ur Atahta, the army said. In Arah neighbourhoods in the Jerusalem area, Palestinians

burned tyres and hurled stones and a commercial strike remained In the Ramallah clash, the Palestinian hit by a hullet in the hip was identified as 27-year-old Jamal Ahu Shawi and the army said a second Palestinian was

injured by rubber bullets. Gazans have started returning to their jobs in Israel for the first time since the unrest began. The army said 40,000 crossed the Erez checkpoint separating the Gaza Strip from Israel Sunday, backing up traffic for 12 kilometres.

Move against journalists

Palestinian newspaper editor Hanna Siniora of the daily Al Fajr was banned from travelling ontside for three months on the grounds his travel abroad presented "a danger to national security," police said.

Siniora urged a campaign of Palestinian civil disobedience ear-

lier this month. Israel also ordered the editor of the Arah Jerusalem Arahic news-paper Al Shaah, Salah Zuheikeh, detained for six months without trial, an army spokesman said.

Israeli debate

Meanwhile, the heating instead of bullets policy announced last week by the Israeli defence minister, Yitzhak Rahin, continued to generate concern at home and ahroad.

In a closed-door cahinet meeting Sunday, Rabin was reported to have "reassured" ministers that batons were used only to suppress protests, not against Arabs aiready in custody. Some 400 Palestinians have

been injured since the uprising erupted on Dec. 9. Hospitals and medical workers say more than 200 have suffered fractured limbs since Rahin's statement last Reporters have seen troops

with hatons and pickaxe handles

beat Arabs nn the street, far from any demonstration, and Palesnnians say they have been clubbed in their homes. The Haaretz daily reported Sunday that the defence ministry has ordered 10,000 hatons of

"finest quality hardwood," apparently for issue to troops in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Some members of Rahin's Labour Party criticised his policies, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres telling army radio he opposed the forced opening of shops closed through strike action and the use of mass curfews.

(Continued nn page 5)



A Palestinian protester lobs an ignited petrol bomb in Arab Jerusalem

Iranian jets bomb Iraqi border township; 1 killed

BAHRAIN (AP) — Iraq said two Iranian jet fighters Sunday bombed a border township in

northern Iraq, killing a civilian and wounding I7 others.

The Iraqi News Agency said the township of Sayyed Sadeq about 260 kilometres north of Baghdad was raided at 11:35 a.m. (0835 GMT).

Tehran's official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) confirmed that Iranian jets raided targets in the area hut claimed they bombed Iraqi radar installa-

King Fahd Ihn Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arahia, acring on behalf of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation U.N. Security Council to get Iran to end its war with Iraq, the Saudi

Press Agency reported Sunday.

state at their annual summit conference held in Rivadh last month, is "demanding that the Fahd urges U.N. action international community, led by the Security Council, shoulder its responsibility in taking the necessary steps to ensure implementanon of Resolution 598 on the Council (GCC), has urged the Iran-Iraq war," the agency said.

Qatar and Oman.

The United States has leading a campaign at the world hody to produce a follow-up resolution to The agency said the king sent 598 that would clamp an arms messages to permanent and other embargo on Iran should it persist members of the U.N. body de- on carrying on the war with Iraq.

manding that they take the

"necessary steps" to implement Security Council Resolution 598, which called for a ceasefire and a

negotiated end to the Gulf con-

Fahd was acting in his capacity

as current chairman of the GCC, a military-economic alliance com-

prising Saudi Arahia. Kuwait, the

United Arah Emirates, Bahrain.

The Saudi monarch, acting on the decision of the GCC heads of

Minister reaffirms French commitment in Arab Gulf

RIYADH (Agencies) — French out of a need to protect French Finance Minister Edouard Ballasseamen. dur said Sunday France was committed to maintaining its military presence in the Gulf region and ruled out any reduction in the size of its Gulf fleet.

"The action of France remains constant," he told reporters after meeting King Fahd of Saudi Arabia. "We have taken a position on this issue... and we are determined to follow through. Balladur, on a three-day visit

commercial considerations hut Wednesday.

He also said that he and Saudi Finance Minister Mohammad Ahal Khail had agreed on a memorandum of understanding

to coordinate economic policies.

Balladur leaves Monday for the United Arah Emirates, Kuwait and Jordan. The French official told reporters that France's warship fleet was in the Gulf to maintain free-

dom of navigation for "our to Saudi Arahia, said France had ships warships in the Gulf not out of Balladur is due in Amman



Grindlays Bank hosts Reception at Marriott

Mr. Barnes - Regional Director, Middle East and General Manager - Alan Cooper greeting distinguished guests yesterday evening.

Amal militia lifts siege of Rashidiyeh

TYRE, Lebanon (Agencies) - Militiamen of the Shi'ite Amal movement lifted a nearly three-year-old siege of the Rashidiyeh Palestinian refugee camp in Tyre Sunday after ending similar blockades of Beirut camps in a bid to end their war with Palestinian fighters.

Rashidiyeh, which houses about 18,000 U.N.-registered refugees, and the Shatilla and Bourj Al Barajneh shantytowns in Beirut, had been under siege since May 1985 wheo Amal, headed by Justice Minister Nahih Berri moved to halt what it saw as the reconstruction of a Palestine Liberation Organistion (PLO) powerbase in Lebanon.

Amal withdrew its fighters from positions ringing Shatilla and Bourj Al Barajneh Wednesday and Syrian peacekeeping troops moved into huffer zones around the two shantytowns.

Police in Tyre said their units would take charge of Rashi-diyeh's security and would set up a checkpoint at its main entrance Monday.

The Syrians maintain 25,000 troops in northern and eastern Lebanon under a 1976 mandate from the Arab League. They also deployed a 7,500-strong law-enforcing contingent in west Beirut

WASHINGTON (Ageocies) — Following the Dec. 2, U.S. district court decision to uphold a

State Department order to close

the Palestine Information Office

(PIO), the American-Arah Anti-

Discrimination Committee

(ADC) sought and obtained the

pro hono legal services of Rabi-

nowitz, Boudin, Standard, Krins-

ky and Lieberman, P.C. and the

Center for Constitutional Rights

State's position wrongfully ex-

be was seeking word on kidnap-

ped university teacher Brian

Keenan, whose fate has been a

mystery since his abduction April

McCahe, 42, of Duhlin, who is

hased in Baghdad, also is a non-

resideot ambassador to Lebanon.

He flew into Beirut airport

people who could be helpful in

trying to trace Brian Keenan," McCabe told the AP Sunday.

"I have come here to meet

Saturday.

to prepare an amicus curiae

last February, but they have no troops in South Lebanon.

The PLO has claimed that the Syrians have arrested about a dozen members of its mainstream Fatch faction since their deploy-ment Wednesday around Shatilla and Bourj Al Barajneh. But the Syrian army command in Beirut denied the charge. Hundreds of Amal militamen

withdrew Sunday from positions around the sprawling Rashidiveh camp, 80 kilometres south of Beirut io this southern port town.

The militiamen packed their belongings and removed all checkpoints and earth barricades eocircling the shantytown before they pulled out. Men, womeo and children

were seen moving freely in and out of Rashidiyeh, oo Tyre'a northero edge, after Amai's withdrawal. It was the first time that meo had come out of the camp since it was blockaded.

mission" in contravention of the

statute. It further argues that such

an expansive definition could in-

discriminately jeopardize oumer-

ous domestic organisations. The

brief further contends that the

court's ruling violates the speech

and organisational rights of all U.S. organisations and indi-

viduals who engage in advocacy

on behalf of foreign principals.

Finally, the brief argues that the

closing of the PIO is in violation

of fundamental international law

attempt to infringe on the First

Berri announced last Saturday



Two Palestinian children peer out of their war-ravaged home in Shatila, and raise the V-for-victory sign. The siege of the camp by the Amal militia was lifted Wednesday

that his fighters would lift their siege of the two camps in Beirut and Rashidiyeh as a tribote to Palestinian protests in the Israelioccupied West Bank and Gaza

At least 2,500 people were killed in the three-year-old "camps war" which broke in Beirut in 1985.

The violence spread to Rashidiyeh as well as villages east of police said.

of Palestinian-Americans, ADC,

in conjunction with other coali-

tion groups, successfully obtained

the support of more than 50 other

organisations and individuals who

all agreed to join in the brief.

Amog those who signed on were Arah and Jewish groups, major civil rights and religious organisa-tions, members of Congress and

former U.S. ambassadors, the

In its contiouing effort to raise

public awareness about this high-

throughout the country and in the

officials said.

the southern port town of Sidon, 40 kilometres south of Beirut, in

Bulldozers knocked down a few earth mounds around Shatila and Bourj Al Barajneh Suoday, keeping only those at the main entrances to the two camps. Rubhle inside both devastated shantytowns was being buildozed, too.

ADC challenges closure of Palestine Information Office in U.S.

voice their conceros about both the constitutional and diplomatic

ADC has mobilised its national membership to oppose both the government order and the para-ilel legislation to close the PLO

with officials at the highest levels of the Department of State to

ramifications of Secretary of State George Shultz's order to close the PIO.

observer mission to the United Nations. Thousands of members of ADC have, in recent months, communicated their deep conment of State. ADC has also participated in informational briefings on Capitol Hill.

a break of almost nine years. A small crowd watched as Ambassador Noureddine Ham-

ment, attended the hrief ceremony. Tunisia was the 10th Arab

country to resume relations with Cairo since the Nov. 8-11 Arab summit in Amman decided that each Arah state was free to restore relations with Egypt unilaterally.

Most Arab countries broke with Egypt io 1979 to protest the Egyptian-Israeli treaty. All except Syria, Libya, Algeria, South Yemen, and Lebanon bave resumed relations.

Tunisians by-elections

TUNIS (R) — Tunisians voted Sunday in the country's first hy-elections since President Zine AI Abidine Ibn Ali took power nearly three months ago. The results will be announced

vote in

Monday.

The five by-elections, including two in deposed President Habib Bourguiba's bome town of Monastir, were called after deputies resigned following Ibn Ali's takeover on Nov. 7, declar-ing Bourguiba, 84, to be senile. Three of the depunes were members of Bourguina's cabinet. Two resigned because subsequent official appointments made them ineligible for parliament.

The vote follows a municipal by-election fast month in which the ruling Destoorian Socialist Party (PSD), which has dominated national politics since inde-pendence in 1956, suffered the first defeat in its history.

.The party lost in the eastero municipality of Ksar Hellal to an independent list supporting Ibn

A total of 25 candidates - five Destourian Socialists, four Communists and 16 independents are standing in polls in Tunis, Zaghouan, the east coast resort of Monastir and the soothern mining town of Gafsa.

All the independents have de-

clared their support for Ibo Ali and a programme in which be promised constitutional reform

and greater democracy.

Most opposition parties did not field candidates, the main recognised opposition, the Movement of Socialist Democrats, declaring it was not taking part because it considered a 1986 poll which elected the present parliament

Party leader Ahmad Mestiri who has called for early general elections since Ibn Ali took power, said the decision did not constitute a boycott.

Tunisian flag raised in

Mubarak heads for Europe and U.S. today with new peace plan

Mooetary Fund (IMF).

It receives \$2.3 billion a year in

U.S. military and economic aid,

second only to Israel, and is high

on lists of other nations for spe-

cial treatment. It is second only to

India as a recipient of West Ger-

ak would renew arguments for

continued backing for Egypt as it

tried to implement reforms

agreed with the IMF last May

while keeping domestic unrest at

They said Egypt, the most

populous Arah state, needed to keep meeting IMF targets and

Mubarak wanted to shore up

political backing in preparation for a fresh bid soon to reschedule

Muharak, 59, will meet West-

ern leaders with his prestige en-

Western diplomats said Muhar-

man aid, for instance.

By John Rogers

CAIRO — Egyptian President Hosni Muharak leaves for Western Europe and the United States Monday with a new plan to end Israeli-Palestinian bloodshed and promote long-term peace in the Middle East.

In talks with leaders in Bonn, London, Washington, Paris and Rome, Mubarak will argue that anti-Israeli protests in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip demonstrate the urgent need for an interoational drive for lasting Arab-Israeli peace.

The starting point, he says, should be a six-mooth balt "to all forms of violence and oppression" in the occupied territories, where Israelis have shot dead at least 39 Palestinians in the past

A moratorium on violeoce is the key proposal in a five-point plan Mubarak unveiled last week. It also demanded that Israel must move towards an international Middle East peace confer-

ence — on which its leaders are deeply split - and stop Jewish settlement in the West Bank and

"The initiative is aimed at creating a suitable climate for an international conference," a

cabinet spokesman said.

The centrepiece of Mubarak's 12-day trip, his most intense diplomatic campaign in the West for 18 months, will be talks with President Ronald Reagan, whom he last met in September, 1985. Egypt occupies a special place in Middle East politics as the only

U.S.-brokered treaty. Financial backing

Arah state to have formal rela-

tions with Israel after their 1979

hanced by Egypt's new-found re-Egypt is also burdened by \$40 lations in the Arab World. billion of foreign debt and relies heavily on Western support. Mubarak last tonred leading Since November, 10 Arah states have buried objections to Cairo's treaty with Israel and restored

diplomatic ties. Only Syria, Libya, Algeria and South Yemen and Lehanon have not resumed

Mubarak beld talks with leaders in eight Arah states this month on a tour which stressed Egypt's support for them against Iran. He also met Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat and is due to hold talks with Morocco's King

Hassan next week. He is due to spend five bours in Bonn and Monday night in London before leaving for Washington Tuesday. The rest of his itinerary has not heen announced, but he is expected to fly to Paris next Sunday, Rabat on Feh. 2 and Rome oo Feh. 4.

Diplomats said he was likely to meet the Pope during a two-day stay in Italy.
Syria and Damascus-backet

Palestinian organisations assailed Saturday Mubarak's call for an West European countries in mid-1986 before Cairo applied for eod to violence between Palestihelp from the International nians and Israelis in the occupied

"This uprisiog has not only shaken the Israeli occupation, it has also expressed rejection of the Camp David accords and their symbols." Syrian Radio

Arafat told Arab League delegates in Tunis Saturday that the revolt would continue.

Archhishop Hilarion Capucci, the former Greek Catholic patriarchal vicar of Jerusalem, was also quoted Saturday as criticising Mubarak's call.

The call issued by the Egyptian regime to our brothers, sisters and sons to stop their struggle is a big mistake," Syrian papers quoted the arehbishop as

saying.
"The Palestinian who is resisting the occupation without any er). There is a hig difference between the violence and jihad (boly war)... self-defence is approved by all international laws."

Cairo after 9-year break ("friend of the court") hrief in support of an appeal filed in mid-December by the American Civil Liberties Union. obligations of the United States, ADC officials said earlier this ly controversial attempt by the administration to suppress cern on this matter to their con-CAIRO (Agencies) — Tunisia's amhassador raised his country's Palestinian political opinion in gressional representatives, editorial boards of major American The amicus hrief contends that the U.S., ADC has been actively In an effort to demonstrate the flag at his embassy Sunday, a day the U.S. district court ruling uphroad hase of opposition that newspapers, and to the Departparticipating in debates on the after Tunisia and Egypt. holding the Department of exists to the administration's issue at community meetings

dani boisted the flag. Hussein Al Kamel, head of the Egyptian Foreign Ministry's Arab depart-

In a short speech, Hamdani lauded Egyptian-Tunisian relations and expressed hope that the resumption of ties will increase

announced immediates resump a cooperation in all fields. In Muscat, Tunisian Prime Minister Hedi Baccouche said Saturday that Egypt's reaccept-ance by the Arab World did not mean a quick return of the Arab

League headquarters from Tunis Baccouche, speaking before his departure for Ahu Dhahi after a two-day visit to Oman, told re-

"If the Arabs agree to transfer (Arab League headquarters) from Tunis to anywhere -- Oman this problem is not for today.

or Cairo - we will agree. (But) Tunisian officials travelling with Baccouche said construction of a new huilding to house the Arab League headquarters in

Unknown group issues threat against Canada

SIDON (AP) — A previously unknown group calling itself bomeland defence organisation launched pr statement delivered Saturday entered Canada hy slipping past against extraditing to Israel' a security and immigration author-

news agency office in Sidon.

That appeared to be a threat

Palestinian who faces deporta- ities in February 1987. We warn the Canadian authorities of the consequences of Mohammad will be sent if he is extraditing hero Mahmoud ordered out of the country. They,

word typewritten Arabic state-"We also remind the Canadian government that there is no

Canadian hostage up till now in Lehanon," said the statement that was delivered to a Westero

that the group would start kidnapping Canadians if Mohammad

was extradited. There was no way of authenticating the communique, which gave no indication of the group's

Canadian authorities Mooday homeland defence organisation launched proceedings for the de-warned Canadian authorities in a portation of Mohammad, who

However, Canadian officials have made no decision on where Mohammad Issa Mohammad to said he is of Lebanese back? the Zionist entity," said the 28-

applied 10 enter Canada. There is at least one Canadian; staving in Beirut. Chris Giannou: a surgeon, has worked at a hospital in the Palestinian refuged. camp of Bourj Al Barajneh dur# ing a military siege of the shanty town. The three-year blockade

Police say they know of no other Canadian staying in South Lehanon or any other Muslimpopulated areas of the war-tord nation.

was lifted Wednesday.

Keenan, 36, comes from the TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

15:30	Koran
IS:55	Programme review
16:00	Children's programme
16:20	Punky Broaster
16:45	Al Manahel
17:10	
17:35	Oliver Twist
17:55	Educational programme
18:15	
19:10	Local programme
19:40	Programme review
20:00	
20:30	Arabic Series
21:30	Local programme
22:10	Programme on prominent Arab
	Writers
23:00	News Summary
23:10	Prominent Arab figures (contd.)

PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 Documentary: "Rue Carnot"
19:00 News in French
19:15 . Weekly Sport magazine (French) News in Hebrew 19:30

Are You Being Served? (Conduct Unbecoming)

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

07:00	Light Music
	Newsdesk
08:00	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Just a Minuté
11:08	My Music
11:30	Readings
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
	Pop Session Contd.
	News Bulletin
14:30	Consist Section
147.00	Special Feature Concert Hour
15:00	Concert Hour
	News Summary
	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Young Sound
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18:05	Sports Roundup
18:30	Sports Roundup Music
19: 00 .	News Desk
19:30	Date with a Star
20:00	Evening Show
	News Summary

passport.

the pro-Iranian Revolutionary in his hand saying he was Irish.

Evening Show Contd.
News Summary
Evening Show Continued
News Stammary

..... Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 730, 1323 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Five William Stories 96:45 ReDections 06:50 Waveguide 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Film of the Book 07:45 Recording of the Week 08:00 Newsdesk 08:09 The Legacy of the Sixties 08:30 Australia 200 Years On 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Rescaing the Rhine 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Five William Stories 10:30 From the Proms 11:00 News Summary: Film of the Book 11:09 British Press

From the Proms 11:00 News Summary; Film of the Book 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Gnod Books 11:30 Financial News; Sports Roundup 11:45 Peebles' Choice 12:00 News Summary; The Legacy of the Sixties 12:30 The Vintage Chart Show 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Tech Talk 13:30 Album Time 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Just A Minute 14:45 Sports Round-un 15:00 World News

Sports Round-up 18:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Anything Goes 16:00 Outlook; 5-minute News 16:15 Film of the Week

16:45 The Man of Property 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:00 Commentary 17:15 Australia 200 Years On 17:30 Music for a While 17:45 A Mozart

Music for a While 17:45 A Mozart Miscellany 18:80 World News 18:69 Commentary 18:15 Pressure Points 18:30 Chain Reaction 18:45 The World Today 19:15 The Mysterious Art of the Conductor 19:30 New Ideas 19:49 Book Choice 19:59 Sports Round-up 20:00 Newsdesk 20:30 Multitrack 1 21:90 News Summary; Outlook

VOICE OF AMERICA

MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 13740,

J1925 and 15210 Hz

86:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA

Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 16:00 News 16:10 Newsline 16:30 Music USA 17:00 News 17:10 East 17:10

News 17:10 Focus 17:30 Special English News & Features 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Magazine Show 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special

English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline America 20:30 Music

USA 21:00 News & Editorial 21:15 Music USA Jazz 22:00 News 22:10

Keenan, who taught English at tons, an Italian, a West German, Beirut, since be was seized by men. gunmen in west Beirut.

That was the only reported

sighong of Keenan, the only tain resort town of Brummana in

he was travelling on an Irish in Lebanon since March 1985.

But Marcel Coudary, a French to who might be holding Brian hostage freed Nov. 10, 1986, hy Keenan. I hope to renew contacts

the American University of an Indian and two unidentified

Amendment right to free speech media. ADC officials have met

The others are eight Amer-There has been oo word of icans, four Frenchmen, three Bri-"We lack hard information as

to who might be holding Brian with influential people who might Justice Organisatioo, said be helpful in trying to trace Brian another captive had thrust a note Keenan," McCabe said.

He was interviewed by telephone at his hotel in the moun-

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

A painting exhibition by German artist Ingeborg Grosjean at the Spanish Cultural Centre (until Jan. 30).

☆ An exhibition about medical re-search in France at the French Cultural Centre (until Jan. 28).

⇒ Plastic art exhibition, by Marwan Allan at the Soviet Cultural Ceotre (until Jan. 31).

FILM

FEATURE FILM

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tcl. 661026/7 American Centre 644371
American Centre library 641520
British Council 636147/8
French Cultural Centre 637009

Spanish Cultural Centre 624049 Turkish Cultural Centre 639777

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetanum at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00

a.m. 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folitore Masseum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mossies from Madaba and Jorash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-

man. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Irish ambassador seeks information on mystery hostage BEIRUT (AP) - Irish Amhassa- Ormeau road district of Belfast. Irishman among the 21 foreigners the Christian heartland north of

> McCabe plans to cross Beirut's dividing line to the Westero sector Monday to meet with acting Prime Minister Salim Hoss, be He appealed to anyone who

knows about Keenan's whereabout to "come forth and meet

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Onl'a

(Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.).

SERVICE CLUBS

The Amman Lions Clob. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the

every prst and turn wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-ery second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Robary Club. Meetings

removelphia Rotary Chab, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Clab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, a17834.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabai Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Angunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh, Tel.

De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)

Tel. 771351.

Two officials of Sing Fein, polirical arm of the Irish Republican Army (IRA) that is fighting to end British rule in northern Ireland, visited Beirut two weeks ago seeking word of Keenan.

Tunis would begin later this year. FOR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) ... Baghdad (IA) Cairo (MS)

De is Saffe Church (Roman Catholic)
Isbal Hussem, Tel. 661757.
Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic),
Isbal Luwerbdeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30
p.m. Tel: 622366
Claurch of the Amunciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Antican Church (Church of the Re-Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieb, Tel. 775261. fieh, Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Asuman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern

10:20

Evangelical Lutherau Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295. Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational-ecumenial English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Tel. 822615, Rev. Veli.
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264

Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 67/534.

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

should always be verified.

09:15 Aqaba (RJ)

7.20	Larnaca	(RJ)
7-30	Cairo	RJ)
9:30	Озглавсиз	RJ)
)30	Muscat, Dubai Knezit Sana'a, Jeddah Dhahran Abu Dhabi, Bahrain	RU)
9:30	Kuwait	(RJ)
7.40	Sana'a, Jeddah	RJ)
1:50	Dhahran	(RJ)
-55	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain	RJ)
6:45	Cairo	RJ)
/:35	New York	RJ)
1:55	Casablanca, Tunis	RJ)
45	Bangkok (RJ)
-55	Casablanca, Tunis Bangkok (Baghdad (RJ)

..... Kuwait (KU)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) 11:50 Amsterdam, New York (RJ) 11:39 Paris (RJ) 11:45 Vienna, Chicago, Los Angeles 12:15 Frankfurt, Copenhagen (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cuiro, London (BA)

Frankfurt (LH)
Cairo (MS)
Vienna (IA)
Bahtain (GF)

19:55 Baghdad (RJ) 20:00 Jeddah (RJ) fresh and sea rough.

PRAYER TIMES (Sunrisc) Duha
Dhuhr

MONEY EXCHANGE

Sunday rates
Local sell/buy rates in fils
Belgian franc 96.3/ 97.8
Dutch guilder
French franc \$9.6/ 60.6
Italian lira 27.4/ 27.8
Japanese ven (for 100) 262.6/ 267.8
Japanese yen (for 100) 262.6/ 267.8 Swedish crown
Swiss franc
U.K. sterling pound 598.9 609.3
U.S. dollar
W. German mark 200.4 204
** 1 Comment and 1 20014 201

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of It will be cloudy, with chances for scallered showers and the winds will be southwesterly moderate. In Agaba, it will be partly cloudy. Nurthwesterly moderate winds will become southerly

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 13.4. Aquba 21. Humidity readings: Amman 42 per cent, Aquba 34

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES**

Civil Defence Deir Alla Ambulance 193, 77\$111
Amman downtown fire brigade ... 198
First aid 630341 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre	813813/32
Khalidi Maternity, I. Ami	ı 644281/6
Akilch Maternity, J. Amr.	64244L/2
Jabai Amman Maternity	642362
Malhas, J. Amman	
Palestine, Shmeisani	
Shrucisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	
Al-Mussher Hospital	
The Islamic, Abdali	
Al-Ahli, Abdah	
Italian, Al-Muhajreen	
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	
Army, Marka	
Queen Alia Hospital	
Amel Hospital	

Dr. Sulaiman Khayyat ... Dr. Nassim Qaddoumi ... Dr. Munther Al Qurcini Dr. Issa Abu Haidar Firas pharmacy
Ferdows pharmacy
Al Asema pharmacy
Nairoukh pharmacy Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi Raghdan taxi

Raqab taxi

Khalifeh pharmacy	. 985417
GENERAL	
Jordan Television	74111/19 . 642313 . 666412 . 661176 12 10

MARKET PRICES

Upper lower price in fils per kg.	
Appic (French) 420 / 360	Lemon 150 / 100
Apple (green) 470 / 400	Mandarin 180 / 130
Banana 350 / 300	Marrow 140 / 100
Banana (Mukamunar) 300 / 240	Onion (green) 120 / 80
Beans 360 / 300	Ogion (dry) 220 / 120
Beans (broad) 650 / 550	Oranges (Abu sarra) 300 / 240
Cabbage 90 / 50	Oranges (Shammouti) 240 / 180
Carrot 258 / 200	Pepper (bot) 260 / 200
Cauliflower 120 / 80	PCDDer (Sweet) 120 / 100
Cucumbers 230 / 170	Potato 140 / 100
Dates (box)	Katiosh
Eggplant (large) 90 / 60	3pinach 120 / 80
Eggplant (large)	Tomatocs
Grapefruit 140 / 100	Turnip 160 / 100

م المكذا صد الأصل

e plan achieving Arab goals Arabanian sources added. They said that the

parliamentary delegation led by Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Akef Al Fayez left
Sunday for Tunis to take part in the 18th session of the Arab Parliamentary Union (APU) due to open today.

In its four-day meeting, the APU will discuss the role of Arab

In addition, the sources said that the meeting would discuss that the meeting would discuss II N Security Council Resolu-

parliamentarians in achieving higher Arab objectives, and confronting the threats to the Arab Nation, particularly with regard to the Palestine question, accord-

ing to Parliament sources here. The APU meeting will also focus on the prospect of holding an international conference on peace in the Middle East, the

Hamzeh meets with participants in birth spacing training course

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of Health Zaid Hamzeh met Sunday

Jordan's population increase. The minister was briefed on with participants in a training course on birth spacing and underlined the importance of.

The minister was briefed on the course which began on Jan. 16, with the participation of at least underlined the importance of. 40 doctors and midwives em-spreading awareness among the ployed in mother and child care public about the need to stem centres throughout the country.

Arab parliamentarians would

look into ways to enlist more

that the meeting would discuss U.N. Security Council Resolu-

tion 598 calling for an end to the

Gulf conflict and review the situa-

Fayez is accompanied to the

meeting by the following de-puties: Hazem Nuscibeh, Salman

Qudah, Mifleh Al Odetallah,

Rizk Al Bataineh, Ma'rouf Rab-

baa and Carlos Di'mes

tion in Lebanon.

Zarqa presses ahead with anti-pollution drive

ZARQA (Petra) — Nearly 90 per Talal Dam. cent of the wastewater in the He said t Zarqa River has been brought under control because a wastewabet Al Samra by the Water Authority of Jordan (WAJ), as well as continuous monitoring of the pollution situation by the en-

Come Con

ISSUE

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 $\gamma = 7.5$

He said that the wastewater flowing into the Zarqa River at a rate of 2,050 cubic metres per day was being treated continually. Qatameh added that the treated water was being used to irrigate forests or recycled for other pur-

According to the Zarqa governor, the government has allocated ID 23 million for major agricultural projects in the Zarga River Basin depending largely on Zarqa River water flowing into

He said that over the past 10 years, increased quantities of pollutants were dumped into the ter treatment plant built at Khir- Zarqa River. For this reason, the government has introduced reg-ulations stipulating that industries and factories along the river build their own waste treatment plants vironment department, Zarqa or face high fines, Qatarneh Governor Eid Qatarneh said noted.

In addition, Qatarneh said the big population increase in the Zarga region had caused a corresponding increase in river pollution, thus further warranting these regulations and the construction of the treatment plants.

In an interview with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, on the subject Director of the Zarqa Agri-culture Department Mohammad Lawzi said that pollution in the Zarga River had caused extensive damage to crops along its banks the reservoir behind the King and throughout the whole basin.

Arab Doctors Union voices full support for Palestinians

AMMAN (Petra) — President of the Jordan Medical Association (JMA) Dr. Mamdouh Abbadi Sunday returned home after heading the Jordanian delegation to the 24th session of the Arab Doctors Union (ADU) concluded in Cairo Saturday.

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, upon his return Abbadi said that the meet-ing pledged its full support for the Palestinian norising in the occu-pied West Bank and Gaza Strip and condemned the Israeli authorities' repressive measures against the Palestinian people.

Cabinet

allocates

funds for

study

environment

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet has allocated JD 15,000 for a Royal Society for the Conserva-

tion of Nature (RSCN) study on the environmental situation in

The study aims at defining the

effect of every element and subst-

ance on the general environment

according to internationally-rec-

The Cabinet also formed a

committee comprising repre-sentatives of the RSCN and the

ministry of Municipal and Rural

Affairs and the Environment to

supervise the study and design its

The Cabinet also announced

the formation of Jordan's delega-

tion to the fourth meeting of the

Arah Economic and Social Coun-

cil due to open in Tunis on Feb.

1. The delegation, which will be led by Minister of Industry,

Trade and Supply Hamdi Al Tab-

baa includes representatives from

the department of economic

cooperation and studies at the

Ministry of Industry.

Dr. Herwig Bartels shares insights into artistry, history of Anatolian rugs

ognised standards.

executive programme.

the Iranian regime for continuing its aggression against Iraq and its rejection of United Nations Security Council Resolution 598.

The meeting further called for solving the Lebanese problem and for supporting the Lebanese people in their attempts to liberate South Lebanon from the Israeli occupation. On the professional level, the

participants welcomed a decision taken by the Council of Arab Health Ministers to Arabise instruction in medical faculties and to declare the next ten years as of gynaecology.

The participants condemned the Arab Decade for Arabisation of Medical and Health Sciences.

> Ahbadi added that the meeting decided that all medical research reports presented to the ADU be prepared in Arabic, and that no research reports written in other languages be accepted without Arabic translations enclosed.

During the two-day meeting, the doctors discussed 300 working papers on primary health care, skin diseases, optical, cardiac and internal diseases, in addition to recent hreakthroughs in the field

Jordan, Morocco to hold talks on promoting trade

AMMAN (Petra) — The Joint ing would arrive here Monday. Jordanian-Moroccan Higher Committee is due to meet tomorrow to agree on lists of commodities and national products to be exchanged by the two countries through their respective commercial centres in Amman and

Secretary-General of the Ministry of Industry and Trade Mohammad Saggaf said that each of the two commercial centres would be allowed to sell products worth \$5 million, up from \$5 million, and that the two sides would discuss the subject of holding trade exhibitions displaying each countries national products. Saggaf said that the nomi Moroccan delegation to the meet-said.

Jordanian-Egyptian

trade links

Also on the subject of trade, a group of Jordanian and Egyptian businesspeople will meet in Aqaha later next month to discuss ways to promote hilateral trade links.

An announcement said that newly-formed society of Jordanian and Egyptian businesspeo-ple would hold its third meeting in the port city on Feh. 25. The two-day meeting will be devoted to discussing economic issues of mutual concern and prospects for joint investments designed to promote Jordanian-Egyptian economic cooperation, the statement

W. Bank, Gaza produce to be allowed into E. Bank

of agricultural products would he in immediately. allowed into East Bank from the occupied West Bank and Gaza

He said that 30 tonnes of onions from Jericho, three tonnes of cactus leaves for planting, 750 East Bank until the end of the tornes of boiled cheese from the month.

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of West Bank and 150 tonnes of Agriculture Marwan Hmoud organges from the West Bank Sunday announced that a number and Gaza Strip would be allowed

> Hmoud also said that potato shipments from Nablus and Toulkarm, and strawberries from Gaza would be allowed into the

existing homes, the provision of UNESCO meeting to tackle primary education, eradication of illiteracy

Queen inaugurates new

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor Sunday

inangurated the new headquarters of the Urban

Development Department (UDD) at Marka and

reviewed with officials the department's projects.

UDD headquarters, praises

success of housing projects

Queen Noor voiced her satis-

faction with the success of UDD

projects, as well as her apprecia-

tion for its efforts in developing

She urged department officials

to help spread awareness among the public about UDD program-

mes and services offered in their

the department had carried out

its first housing project, which entailed building 3,000 housing

units for the benefit of 20,000

people at Qweismeh, Marka and

Ruseifa. These housing com-plexes for low-income families

were provided with hasic infras-

tructure and schools and health

centres, according to the

In addition, the project in-

cluded the development of 1,200

A UDD spokesman said that

social and health services.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The eradication of illiteracy will be among three main subjects tackled by a two-day meeting opening here Wednesday under the auspices of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO).

Among leading officials to wel-

come the Oueen were Minister of

Municipal and Rural Affairs and

the Environment Yousef Ham-

dan Al Jaber and UDD Director-

General Hisham Al Zagha, as well as Noor Al Hussein Founda-tion (NHF) Director In'am Al

Zagha hriefed Her Majesty on

UDD projects which, he said, are

aimed to ensure homes for people

with limited incomes, and to pro-

vide them with essential social

and health care services and

education, in cooperation with

The UDD director also out-

lined the department's future

projects, particularly those in-

cluded in the five-year national

Later, Zagha presented the

with the department's

concerned anthorities.

development plan.

Delegates from Jordan, Sudan, Syria, Morocco, Egypt, North Yemen and specialists from UN-ESCO and the Arab League Edu-cational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (ALESCO) will take part in the meeting at the UNESCO regional office.

A UNESCO spokesman said that two other subjects - generalising education and improving primary education — will also be discussed at the meeting.

According to the spokesman, the delegates will review working papers from the UNESCO office on primary education and illiteracy, and a report on various Arab countries' experiments in these

In addition, he said the meeting would focus on regional cooperation and coordination with

cational programmes.

The resolutions and recommendations will be submitted to a general meeting of UNESCO specialists later in the year, the spokesman added.

> Irbid eradicating illiteracy

The department of education in Irbid Governorate last year

opened 57 literacy and adult education centres, through which 57 teachers now provide education to 855 people. The centres are located in Irbid and neighhouring villages and towns, according to Education Department Director Mohammad Bani

He said that the department was sending teams to visit classes

The department of education also offers the students books and stationery free of charge, according to Bani Hani.

establishment of a vocational

training centre in the area,

The UDD project in Marka

was opened by the Queen in November 1985, and the Ruseifa

project in September 1987. The

first project's total cost reached

JD 31 million, the spokesman

first project, the government in-structed the UDD to implement

second and third projects.

In the light of the success of the

The second project carried out

near Ruseifa, Zarqa and Qweis-

meh entailed building 3,500 hous-

ing units for the benefit of nearly

25,000 people, in addition to improving 200 homes in the Prince Hassan district of Marka. The spokesman said the second pro-

ject's total cost amounted to JD

dies on implementing the third project in the Salahuddin district

and two smaller districts in

Aqaha, according to the

The UDD has completed stu-

36 million.

according to the spokesman.

In a statement marking Arah Day for the Eradication of Illiteracy, the ministry said that the illiteracy rate in Jordan had dropped to 26 per cent from 67 per

that the Department of Meteorol-

gical Organisation due to con-

council will discuss among many

topics, the prospect of estab-

During the 10-day meeting, the

vene in Geneva Monday.

Cold, rain and heavy gusts expected

AMMAN (Petra) - An atmospheric depression moving eastwards from southern Greece ogy will take part in the ninth should affect Jordan today, meeting of the World Meteoroloaccording to director of the Department of Meteorology Ali Abanda,

Abanda said that the depression would be accompanied by a cold front and heavy clouds, hringing rain and beavy gusts to

lishing satellite contacts between meteorology centres in Amman most parts of the country. and West Germany.

Work on museum underway

IRBID (Petra) - The Institute of Jordan, dating back to various ly constructing a modern museum to bouse artefacts unearthed in Jordan, according to the Institute Director Mu'awieh Ibrahima

Ibrahim said that the museum project is being implemented in cooperation with the Department of Antiquities and the West German government.

The museum will display artefacts and antiquities found in

Archaeology and Anthropology at Yarmouk University is current-history and culture, according to history and culture, according to Mu'awieh.

At present, the institute super-vises 20 different archaeological sites in Jordan, Mu'awieh noted. He said that many of these projects are supported by the Jordan Valley Authority, the Department of Antiquities, the Department of Lands and Survey and the municipalities where the sites are located.



West German Ambassador to Jordan Dr. Herwig Bartels with one of his Anatolian kilims, at his home

By Rami G. Khouri Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — At first glance, it might seem unusual for an American archaeological research centre in an Arab capital to sponsor a slide lecture by a German diplomat/scholar about Anatolian flatwoven rugs and carpets and related archaeological evidence.

Yet this is precisely what takes place this Tuesday evening (Jan. 25, g.00 p.m.) at the American Centre for Oriental Research (ACOR) in Amman, when West German Ambassador to Jordan Dr. Herwig Bartels lectures on Anatoban flat weaves and related archaeological evidence" -promising to shed fascinating new light on universal and timeless processes of religion and art that transcend barriers of time, place and national identity.

· The lecture should appeal to a broad range of people interested

Artist's drawings of rooms at Catal Huyak, with

their original wall paintings dating from 5700-5400 B.C. Some of the motifs in the wall paintings are

in history, archaeology, art history, crafts, religion and related fields, for Bartels' research touches on all these subjects showing how an indigenous, localised artistic rendering of religious beliefs in Anatoha some 8,000 years ago was faithfully preserved while radiating outward to influence arts and crafts traditions in other parts of the Near East.

His lecture will start with a definition of the Anatolian flatwoven kilims (as opposed to knotted-pile rugs), and a review of the kilim-weaving people and tradition in the Anatohan Peninsula (modern Turkey). He will show slides of kilims from his collection of over 100 antique pieces dating from the 17th to early 19th centuries, the single largest collection of its kind in the

He will then show the technical

and stylistic differences between kilims and other Near Eastern rug-weaving traditions, such as the woolen rugs of Jordan, and discuss his original but now increasingly accepted thesis: that the tremendous diversity in woven rug designs in the ancient and contemporary Near East often can be traced back to a single ancient artistic tradition in Anatolia" — a tradition, be will show, which dates back nearly

other Near Eastern rug-weaving

For the past decade of collecting kilims, Bartels has been uncomfortable with the heretofore predominant theory that the kilim rug-weaving tradition was brought to Turkey by the Turkoman migrations from Central Asia starting in the 11th century A.D. His research on the design motifs of Anatolian kilims, cou-

8,000 years, to Neolithic Era

pled with comparative studies of

still used today in Anatolian kilims and other Near Eastern crafts patterns.

traditions and recent archaeological evidence from Turkey, bas convinced him that ancient Anatolia was the single common source of this tradition. Indigenous Anatolian designs radiated outward to influence other regional artistic traditions, including those in Jordan, Persia, Mesopotamia and other lands in

the area. The most dramatic evidence which Bartels will show is the astounding similarity between designs/motifs on 17th-19th century kilims and on wall paintings discovered at the Anatolian Neolithic village excavated by James Mellart at Catal Hnyuk — separated by a time span of nearly 5,000 years. He believes the Catal Huynk wall paintings, dating from 5700-5400 B.C., included cultic representations, theological concepts and religious symbolism that have endured, in kilims and other art forms, until this cen-

tury.

The religious symbolism of the world's Neolithic people — the world's first permanently settled villagers, who lived by cultivated agriculture and animal domestication - seems to have been passed on

from generation to generation. The people retained techniques and designs which they received from their elders, and the religious and artistic traditions were faithfully preserved for thousands of years," Bartels told the Jordan Times in an interview here this week. "The women weavers, with obvious reverence for the work at hand, tried to do their best and to produce masterworks worthy of the importance of the religious traditions they revered."

The result, he says, is that many, though not all, kilims were

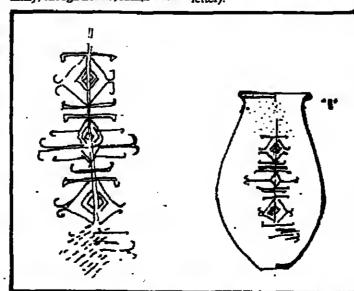
masterpieces of art, exhibiting both master craftsmanship and aesthetic decorative design. Decorative patterns on 3,000-year-old Middle Bronze Age pots

from Anatolia, as well as some of the motifs from the Catal Huyuk paintings and the more recent kilims, can also be seen in other Near Eastern art, including ex-amples in Jordan. Other artistic impulses worked their way through Sassanian, Byzantine and Islamic cultures. Heartshaped patterns in the Qasr 'Amra wall frescoes, floral and geometric motifs in Byzantine mosaics from Jordan and geometric forms on modero Jordanian woven rugs can all be traced back to clear parallels - or prototypes in the Catal Huyuk paintings or share the iconography of Anatolian flat weaves and pile

Bartels will suggest that some of the artistic influences in the land of Jordan and other areas of the Near East that have heretofore been traced to Sassanian or Byzantine culture may, in fact, be traced hack even further - to

their original source in Anatolia. The kilims, like Palestinian and Jordanian embroidery and dres-ses, can be associated with individual regions and nomadic tribes in Anatolia, according to each kilim's colours, weaving technique and design motifs.

Bartels will show some slides of the Catal Huyuk wall paintings, which have not been published to date, and will also display some of the kilims in his personal collection. The lecture, in English, takes place, Tuesday, Jan. 26, at 8:00 p.m. at ACOR (not at 7:00 p.m. as was mistakenly publicised in a recent archaeology news-



The design on a Middle Bronze Age (circa 1900 B.C.) ceramic jar excavated in Turkey (right) is faithfully retained in a pattern on an Anatolian killin produced nearly 4,000 years later.

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Jordan Times

وُ وَأَنْ إِنْ جَورِينَ بَلِينَ يُونِيَّا عَرِيبُهُ مَبِسُيهُ مَسْقَلَةُ تَشْعُرُ بِالنَّجِلِيِّيَّةً عَن المُنسَةُ المَسْقِيَّةِ الرَّابِيَّةِ

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Time for the big push

TIME has never been riper for the Arabs to launch a concerted effort for a comprehensive settlement of the Palestinian problem. The Palestinian revolt in the occupied territories has brought about a new international awareness of the need to address the basic problem in the Middle East, reflected in United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar's statement Friday urging the world powers to seek a negotiated Arab-Israeli settlement as the only means to protect the Palestinians living under Israeli rule.

On the Arab side, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak is reportedly planning to propose a six-month moratorium on violence and a freeze on Israeli settlement of the occupied territories. Cracks have become more pronounced in Israel's Likud bloc over the hardline party policy against granting the Palestinians their legitimate rights, and these cracks could be used to Arab advantage to bring about a climate conducive to

an international peace conference under U.N. auspices. For its part, Moscow has formally asked the Security Council to set up an international conference and suggested a meeting at foreign minister level of the five permanent members of the council to pave the way for the proposed forum. One can only hope that the Soviet move to receive an official Israeli delegation in Moscow is the forerunner of a Kremlin strategy designed to tell Israel that the Soviet Union is keen to promote Arab-Israeli peace, and that diplomatic relations could be resumed only when a comprehensive settlement has been reached in the Middle East.

Against this backdrop of international outcry and world pressure on Israel to seek a just and durable settlement with the Arabs, the most logical Arab move is to make the Arab view loud and clear. The Tunis meeting of Arab foreign ministers offers just the forum to crystallise an all-embracing and firm Arab strategy to be presented to the Security Council, which Monday begins deliberations on Perez de Cuellar's report.

The Arab delegates gathered in Tunis cannot afford to let down the hopes of the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza, as well as outside Palestine. The door should be opened for sure-footed moves in the international arena, while all available means should be adopted to advance the Palestinian struggle

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Jordan welcomes Soviet proposal

JORDAN has welcomed and expressed support for a Soviet proposal calling for a U.N. Security Council meeting at the foreign minister level to pave the way for an international conference on the Middle East. Jordan backs efforts enabling the Security Council and the international community to shoulder this responsibility which would bring about a just and durable peace to the area and end the Arab-Israeli conflict. It is clear that the Soviet proposal is in harmony with the collective Arab stand reached at the extraordinary Arah summit held in Amman last November, and therefore Jordan's support for the Soviet move is tantamount to a pan-Arah hacking for Moscow's initiative. Moscow has made it clear that the proposed conference should he fully authorised to play a decisive role in hringing about peace and not a mere protocol for bringing the parties together as Israel's foreign minister is advocating. The Soviet proposal means that the American negative stand is unjustified specially in view of the on-going uprising in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza and in the light of an overwhelming world support for the conference. The Arah countries appreciate Moscow's positive stand: and at the same time they view with reservation the stand; and at the same time they view with reservation the forthcoming tour of the Middle East region by U.S. envoy Richard Murphy. These countries wonder how this tour could contribute towards giving momentum to the peace process as long as the U.S. official stand with regard to the peace conference remains unchanged. It should be said that the present U.S. policy in our region will never he able to impede the march of peace as long as the Arah people continue the struggle, through their uprising, seeking to regain their rights and their freedom.

Al Dustour: Show of solidarity

THE huge demonstration staged in occupied Nazareth in support of the Arah people's struggle in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip marked a new development in the continued endeavour hy Arabs to regain their rights. The rally in this town, occupied since 1948, reflected the strong brotherly ties its inhabitants maintain with their brothers and their deep nationalistic feeling despite 40 years of occupation. This rally was a manifestation of the cohesion among the Palestinian people wherever they are in the occupied territory. In a further show of support for the uprising of the Arah people under Israeli rulo. Arah member of the Knesset Mohammad Darawshe announced his resignation from the Israeli Labour Party, a move instantly welcomed by the cheering crowds of Nazareth. This whole-hearted support for the uprising, the cohesion among the Palestinians and the solidarity among various sectors of Arah people represent another serious challenge for the Israeli government, and a setback for its plans. As the rally was heing held, further anti-Israeli protests were staged in other parts of the occupied Arah land and a fresh round of diplomatic activity, on the part of the United Nations and the Arab League, is being initiated. This can only increase the pressure on the Israeli leaders to accept the concept of durable and just peace through an international conference.

Sawt Al Shaab: Decisive meeting

THE Arah League has opened an emergency session in Tunis at the foreign minister level to discuss the events in the occupied Arab territories and means of confronting the Israeli challenge. The meeting is being held at a crucial time for all the Arabs, when the Israeli atrocities and repressive measures are being condemned by all world organisations and peace loving nations. As the Arah League ministers met, there were fresh calls world wide for convening an international peace conference to end the Arab-Israeli conflict and bring about peace to the region. The world is witnessing the Palestinian people's uprising and also watching the Israeli repressive measures with deep concern specially as Israeli leaders continue to ignore calls for peace which the Arabs want in exchange for land. It is boped that the Arah countries will work at the Arab League in the same spirit that prevailed at the extraordinary Arah summit last November, and it is hoped that world nations will heed Moscow's call for convening the proposed international conference to establish

A genuine call for peace or a political stunt?

By Waleed Sadi

SHIMON Peres, the Israeli foreign minister and leader of the Labour Party would have us believe that he and his party are devout champions of peace by means of the international conference idea. But when Peres was recently asked by an Israeli reporter as to why he persisted in pressing for the international peace conference when he knew darn well that it was not really in the cards, he replied that be called for it exactly because it was unattainable! This leads us to a follow-np question Was Shimon Peres satirical, cynical or down right bonest when he replied to the question in the manner he did. Or worst still, was Peres using the conference idea as some kind of ploy or decoy for political gains. To shed more light on the political psychology of Shimon Peres, one has to go a step or two backward in the political history of Israel. For it is recorded in Israeli political chromcles that Peres was a political disciple of no other than the late Moshe Dayan, the Israeli minister of defence till 1981 and chief of staff in the 1967 Arab-Israeli war. It is also recorded that General Dayan, the mentor of Peres, was in turn the disciple of the so-called 'Palestinian option," as an avenue to resolve the Palestinian case. In this context, it is valuable to recall that in the last days of his life, General Dayan explored methodically through his military staff the issue of the viable borderline to which the Israeli troops can withdraw to in the event of a peace agreement between Israel and its Arah neighbours. The findings and conclusion of General Dayan and company are now well embodied in Israeli military chronieles and they allege that there is no such a thing as safe, secure and viable borders to which the Israeli occupying troops can withdraw to. Translated to more down to earth language, Dayan's pessimistic conclusion meant that the geographic area of original Palestine is

indivisible at least militarily. So much for General Dayan and his pupils the like of Peres.

On the other side of the political spectrum of the Labour Party, sat the late General Allon and now sits General Yitzhak Rabin, the current Israel minister of defence. This second school of thought was and still is reputed to have opted for the so-called "Jordanian option". Like its sister the "Palestinian option," the so-called "Jordanian option" has yet to be defined in exact terms beyond the vague protestations that Israel prefers to deal directly with Jordan and would foresake all others in any projected peace negotiations that could ensue at the end of the line of any preparatory arrangements leading to any such negotiations.

What complicates the picture even more is the persistent revelations that Peres and Rabin and their respective constituencies are not really on good terms and do not see eye to eye on many ontstanding war and peace issues. For example, Rabin says very little in support of the conference idea. The divisions within the Labour Party has in fact widened to such extents that many observers have begun to describe the party as nothing more than a "coalition party" made up of diverse views and perspectives which often appear to be so conflicting with one another and so difficult to reconcile. So much for the united stand of the Labour Party on the issue of convening an international peace conference on the Middle East to deal with the Palestinian case as well as with the overall Arab-Israeli conflict. This absence of political cohesion among the pillars of the Labour Party has been exacerbated of late by the veiled threat issued by Peres to the effect that if there is no international peace conference then Israel bas to forego Jordan as a

principal interlocutor in any indirect negotiations hetween Israel and the concerned Arab parties and bead for, instead, to direct negotiations with the PLO. One still wonders to whom such a threat is directed or whether it is just another ploy by Peres to sow more division in the Arab ranks and realise a more divided Arab bouse. To be sure neither the Israeli Labour Party nor the Likud Party would float decoys or exploit ploys without a particular strategy in mind. The Arah side can bet its last currency denominator that Israoli "divisions" are nothing more than tactical in the final analysis. That is much more than what one can say about Arab divisions which appear to be more and more strategic. And whereas one can look forward to the next Israeli national elections to discern the truer colour of the various Israeli political players, Peres included, the Arab side has yet to devise a mechanism to cultivate a clearer and a bit more synchronised roles for the respective Arab parties concerned with the Palestinian case as well as with the Arab-Israeli umbrella conflict. And while the Israelis can ill afford fundamental divisions on the issues of war and peace in the Middle East, any Arab division can be fatal. This leads me to the conclusion that a mini Arab summit on the level of the parties most directly concerned is a must lest the Arab World lose what they can gain in the projected international peace conference. The physical mainfestations of the on-going Palestinian revolution will ultimately subside and our people there are entitled for help to translate their uprising into tangible political gains. Otherwise, the performances of the last month and half are bound to be repeated till the message soakes in and the Arah and Israeli leaders manifest a deeper understanding of the lessons to be learned from these cries for an end to Israeli occupation.

a real test for Ibn Ali

Arabs pledge support for revolt

(Continued from page 1)

Masri told Petra the meeting also entrusted the Arah League secretariat to monitor Israel's violations of human rights and its war crimes in the occupied territories and to report them to the U.N. secretary general to be dis-tributed as an official U.N. docu-

Most of the decisions contained in the final statement were proposed by Jordan in a speech delivered by Masri Saturday.

In the speech, Masri said the current uprising in the West Bank and Gaza was the natural result of Israel's oppressive practices against the Palestinians living The sacrifices and the continued revolt have won the Palestinians admiration and support of the whole world; which has also come to realise the real nature of Israel's plans to Indaise Arab lands," Masri said.

"A strong Arab stand and effective diplomatic moves have become incumbent on the Arah Nation if it wants the Israelis to succumb to the will of the international community and if the Arabs want to support the steadfastness of the Palestinian people," the minister said.

Jordan, he said, proposes that diplomatic moves should be based on the following:

- An all-out Arah diplomatie offensive at the United Nations to canvass further support for the Palestinian uprising and to win support for a just and durable peace through an international conference to be beld under U.N. auspices. This view, which was adopted by the Arab leaders at their extraordinary summit held in Amman last November, called for the participation of all concerned parties in the proposed conference to achieve a durable peace and ensure the Palestinian

people's rights, Masri noted. Jordan proposes the creation of pan-Arah working team at the foreign ministers level to maintain contacts with U.N. Security Council members to pave the way for the conference, he said.

- Intensive contacts with world governments in general, and the European countries in particular. to apply political, and economic pressure on Israel to force it to abide hy the Geneva convention of 1949

- Material and political support for the Palestinians to enhance their uprising in the face of Israel's practices. In this respect, Jordan welcomes and supports a Soviet proposal for a U.N. Security Council meeting at the foreign ministers level to prepare for the proposed international conference, Masri said.

Analysts predict bloodier protests

(Continued from page 1)

onlooker but should give immediate response to what is happening to the inhahitants." The PLO should intensify campaigns against

Israel by protesting to worldwide journalist unions to send more

iournalists to Israel and force Israel to open the refugee camps and

hy inviting internatinal jurists and human rights societies to attend

the mock trails and members of international labour unions to

According to a member of the PLO executive committee

Mohammad Milhem, the PLO and the Arah League have formed a

follow-up team to coordinate with Arah states and U.N. institutions

and with activists at large. "We are trying to get U.N. protection for

our people, arrange medical supplies through UNRWA and Red

Cross, work with Arah states to pay their financial commitment to the PLO and contact Eastern and Western countries to put pressure

on Israel and reactivating our information centres to ensure that

right information reaches all corners of the world," Milhem said.

and wounded, labourers and refugees get the medical supplies and

food they need," he said. In Kuwait, everyone paid a day's salary

for the Palestinian uprising, and in Qatar the same policy was followed. About JD 30,000 has been contributed by the General Union of Voluntary Societies of Jordan, he said.

'Green line' support

The Palestinians inside the "green line" have also collecting

donations, said Saleh. Their participation in the uprising has shown the world that the Palestinians in the 1967 and 1948 lands are one

people. "They are regaining their national identity which was oppressed and considered lost," he said. He stated that despite the

fact that the Palestinians behind the "green line" are considered Israeli citizens and are under the emergency regulations of 1945

which were imposed during the British mandate period, demonstra-

tions and strikes they held showed their commitment to the

uprising. Areas which have known no resistance are now actively showing their nationalism, said Saleh citing the example of Jaffa where the Arab population of 3,000 held demonstrations.

The best pressure comes from the continued Palestinian uprising.

Political observers expect that even if the Palestinians are not

successful in sending the message that the occupation must end, U.N. resolutions implemented, PLO recognised and the Palesti-

nians' right to self-determination granted, there will be more

"The ground has been tested and the barrier of fear of the

mighty' has been hroken," Ahu Jaber said. Even though there

Masarweh noted: "the Palestinians are not afraid to die because

they have nothing to lose and because of the deaths the millions of

Even hunger will not stop the uprisings from continuing,

Masarweh says. He points out that the occupation has always

sought from the beginning to give enough daily bread, but not to create a healthy population. "Now they are threatening Palestinian's daily bread, but our people are used to being hungry and

Noting that Palestinians were able to withstand a six-month siege of Palestinian camps in Lebanon, he said: "They will suffer, but

they will find ways to survive and force the world, UNRWA and the

Red Cross to supply them with food," he said.

However, Saleh said that the world can expect the next rounds of

violence to be hlondier, because the young people will become more radical and uncontrollable. "Expect the worse with the failure

of this uprising. Failure will further radicalise the population, and

the new force won't be controlled by anyone. The young people have reached the stage of taking the revolution into their own hands, be said, pointing to the challenge the Palestinians pose to

the Israelis when whole populations demonstrate under curfew.

"It's political dynamite on both sides, and I expect the violence to continue until a political proposal emerges," concluded Abdul

have been deaths, the Palestinians are not losing, be said.

witnessed and supported by the Arah World and international community, agreed the analysts. "It will show that there will be no

peace or stability until a solution is found," said Milhem.

rounds of violence.

Palestinians are gaining.

they can find ways to manage.

'Societies and committees have been set up to help the needy,

witness the conditions of the Palestinian labourers, be said.

Tunisian by-elections -

From Lamis K. Andoni in Tunis

TUNISIAN parliamentary hy-elections, held Sunday were viewed by both the government and opposition here as the first real test for the new era of President Zein Al Abeeden Ibn Ali who took over in a hloodless coup last November, according to analysts here.

The hy-elections were to vacant seats in parliament of five deputies who were dismissed by Ibn Ali for corruption and exerting "negative influence" on the former president, Hahih Bourguiba. The deputies were very close to Bourguiba and were believed to have used the 84vear-old man's senility to control the country's affairs.

NEWS ANALYSIS

Although the result of the hyelections is not expected to hring about a fundamental change in the country's 236-member legislative institution, it will put to test Ibn Ali's vows to allow freedom of political parties, to enhance pluralism and his reformist drive within his own ruling Destourian Socialist Party (PSD).

People here still remember with bitterness the last general elections in 1986 when members of the PSD, which led the country to independence in 1957, publicly rigged the results by ballot boxes.

Furthermore, leaders of the opposition were either banned from running in the elections or their moves were restricted by security measures which prevented them from participating. Following the Nov. 7 movement, as the coup is referred to here, Ihn Ali lifted the ban on opposition personalities and allowed all parties, except for the Islamic Tendency Movement, (MIT), to take part in the hy-elections. But only the Communist Party, the oldest political group in the country, and a number of independents have agreed to participate. The other leftist groups, including the strong Democratic Socialist Movement (DSM), have kept to their condition that the present parliament should he dissolved and new general elections be held.

According to the opposition's view, Ibn Ali's drive to allow more political freedoms would not be possible if the present institutions, which are run by influential constitutionalists from the Bourguiha, era, are not subjected to fundamental changes. But both the DSM and the Communist Party, which strongly support Ibn Ali's leadership agree that the by-elections will test the president's ability and power to ensure a decent elections process.

So far, the opposition seems satisfied with the changes brought about hy Ali since the former prime minister took the decisive move of putting an end to the 30-year undisputed reign of Bourguiba.

The government has lifted restrictions of freedom of the press, allowed the publishing of opposition newspapers and conceded to the opposition's demand that a committee be formed to formnlate new laws which regulate political parties' activities. Although Tunisia's constitution allows the formation of political parties, the old regime had invoked an emergency law, imposed by the country's former colonial rulers, which allows the Interior Ministry to permit or ban political parties and to intervene in their affairs.

The new draft law is now being discussed by the government and the latter's leaders the main demand is to cancel the stipulation for prior interior's ministry permission to allow the formation of party, Ibn Ali has chosen respect- constitutionalists. political parties.

But the government bas not accepted the opposition's demand for new general elections, which are not scheduled to take place before 1991. According to well-informed analysts and sources close to the government, conservative elements within the PSD are resenting such a step for fear that it will undermine the party's control on the country's political life and institutions.

Old guards unenthusiastic

The old conservative guards, who still maintain sensitive key positions in the party as well as in the government and local administration, are also not very enthusiastie about Ihn Ali's reformist measures to reconstruct the party's political and organisational structure. According to analysts, although the PSD has been in power since the country's independence its heavy reliance on the government's institutions



Zein Al Abeeden Ibn Ali

and power has undermined its organisational structure. While its image has been tarnished hv the arhitrary measures practised hy the former president to curh political freedoms and its name has become closely associated with corruption.

Reforms to strengthen the party and polish its image have become more relevant, especially following its loss in a municipal election last month in Qasr Hilar, the opposition, and according to a town which bad so far been a traditional strongbold for the constitutionalists.

In an attempt to strengthen the

able personalities as members of a new highly-powered Reorientation Committee to supervise the constitutionalists' political and organisational activities, and a Youth Committee to recruit fresh and young elements to the party.

The president has even taken the unprecedented step of choosing an independent to represent the party in the hy-elections for the capital's scat. But as the by-elections campaign has indicated so far the old guards have maintained the old practices to maintain control of the party. In many areas in central Tunis, the PSD's pink campaign posters have been stuck over the hlue posters of the Communist Party. In their campaign leaflets, the constitutionalists are claiming that the "correction movement" is led by their party in a hid to try to use the popular support for a political change in favour of the party.

Outside the capital where there is no real distinction between the government and the ruling party, independent and communist candidates charged that constitutionalists were using the power of the local administration to block opposition campaigns. But according to oppsition sources, in the cases where the candidates made official complaints the president himself intervened and put a stop to such practices by some

While the world sleeps

Last night a mother cried For her sixteen year old son died By no fault of his own In the Israeli occupied zone

The hitterness has turned to hatred And the hatred to bloodshed What more can be said

"Thirty-two more Palestinians dead." An announcement by VOA while I listen in bed

But I cannot sleep For my feelings run deep I hear the mother weeping While most of the world lies sleeping

Her tears will soon run dry For her pain will mask her cry How empty her heart must be As it throbs in Gaza by the sea Mourning the missing youth and her own destiny.

Peggie Fuad Abujaber

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المحكة اصد الأحل

World's first AIDS summit attracts 145 countries

By Robert Glass The Associated Press

LONDON - Health policy-makers from 145 countries gather in London this week for the first world AIDS summit in an attempt to mount a global assault on the epidemic.

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The three-day conference. which opens Tuesday, will be the largest meeting of government ministers ever held on a single health problem, according to the World Health Organisation. WHO is co-sponsoring the event with the British government.

"The conference, we believe, is going to mark another critical turning point in the global mobilisation against AIDS," Dr. Jonathan Mann, the American director of WHO's AIDS programme, said in an interview with

the Associated Press. Health ministers from 131 countries and government advisers from 14 others have registered for the world summit of ministers of health on programmes for AIDS prevention.

The queen's daughter, Princess Anne, is to deliver the summit's opening speech Tuesday at the Queen Elizabeth II Conference In addition to confirmed cases,

Unlike conferences among medical experts working on vaccines and treatments; this summit deals mainly with government efforts to control the disease.

Summit goals are to present WHO's guidelines for AIDS prevention and control, to update the global impact of AIDS, to review policies for slowing the spread of AIDS with emphasis on

public-education campaigns.
Since AIDS was first identified among male homosexuals in Los Angeles in 1981, the disease has spread throughout the world, with the number of reported cases doubling roughly every

The Geneva, Switzerlandbased WHO had recorded 75,392 AIDS cases in 130 countries as of Jan. 12. But WHO estimates the actual worldwide toll is double that because many cases have not been reported, particularly in

The United States leads the world with 51,361 confirmed cases of AIDs as of Jan. 18. Of

WHO estimates there are 5 million to 10 million carriers of the AIDS virus. An estimated 15 to 20 per cent of carriers develop the

Acquired immune deficiency syndrome destroys the body's natural immunity to disease, leaving victims defenseless against many infections and cancers. There is no known vaccine or cure for the fatal disorder.

AIDS most often is spread through sexual contact. Other known mean of transmission include transmission of contaminated blood and blood products, sharing of contaminated needles by drug abusers, and from pregnant mothers to their unborn children.

In the United States and Europe, AIDS remains largely confined to male homosexuals and intravenous drug users. But in Africa it has been shown to be a heterosexual disease. One study of prostitutes in Africa found that 88 per cent of women examined had been exposed to the virus.

Alarm over the spread of

mination and invasion of privacy, and gay-rights activists plan largescale raliies to publicise their concerns during the summit.

AIDS has created pressure on

governments for screening to pro-

tect the uninfected population.

Most governments have concen-

trated prevention efforts on health education and screening of

donor blood and organs. But

some compulsory programmes

Belgium, for example, now re-

quires foreign students, mostly

from Africa, to undergo blood

tests for AIDS. The conservative

West German state of Bavaria

requires screening of all

bomosexuals, prostitutes, in-

mates, applicants for public-ser-

vice jobs and non-European fore-

The U.S. government has out-

Manadatory programmes

WHO's broad strategy calls for

slowing the "spread of AIDS

aimed at specific groups have prompted complaints of discri-

lined plans for mandatory testing of immigrants and federal pris-

igners seeking residency.

are beginning to show np.

worldwide by attacking every mode of transmission in every country, using every scientific and educational tool available."

The organisation recommends mandatory screening for detecting the AIDS virus in donor blood, blood products, organs and semen used for artificial insemination.

"Essentially, we believe that AIDS prevention and control can be effectively and efficiently carried out without threatening human rights," Mann said. "If discrimination is allowed to occur, or if practices and policies develop that create a discriminatory environment against people who are infected or against people who practise certain behaviours, then we can assure that the programme will not be effective in fighting AIDS.'

During the summit, Britain's £20-million (\$36 million) programme, which combines heavy media coverage with voluntary screening and the provision of free needles to drug abusers, is expected to be used as a model for the rest of the world.

Since the campaign began in November 1986, the Department of Health and Social Security has produced studies showing a significant rise in public awareness of the disease and ways to avoid it.

However, independent polls have shown no evidence of a change in sexual behaviour among Britain's heterosexual population, the campaign's prime target. Critics also have complained that the media blitz has caused some panic, jamming AIDS treatment centres with thousands of "worried well" seeking blood tests.

Nevertheless. Mann said the best hope of slowing the global spread of AIDS is for governments to educate the public and provide such services as bloodtesting and free needles for drug

"There's no question that the spread of AIDS... can be slowed, and can be slowed substantially through a coordinated programme that includes education and information, specific health and social services and a supportive environment," he said.

Randa Habib's

A question of E

WE Jordanians have terrible eating habits. We eat too much, exercise very little and for some absurd reason, complain about weight problems. Many of us spend hours on a meal with different dishes, the name of some I cannot spell. Then afterwards, we are so full that we are too lazy to do anything, much less exercise. The old saying 'I am in no shape to exercise,' fits us perfectly.

The majority of us return home, have a heavy lunch then take 3 siesta. When it comes to exercise, forget it. The only exercise we sometimes are forced to do is to go up and down the stairs after getting off nur cars. And here, this apportunity is available only to those who live in apartment buildings. This, doctors say, is very bad for your health.

One interesting example of our laziness and refusal to do any exercise no matter how minimal is that we always insist on parl; ing nur cars so close to where we are going so as not to wall; few metres. Many of us even block buildings' entrances with their cars. Cutting the distance five metres somehow gives us a strange sense of satisfaction and a peculiar feeling of achievement. This doctors say, is also bad for you.

When we find ourselves in an office huilding and want to go up one flight of stairs, we insist on taking the elevator. Are we still wondering why we have an obesity problem?

Although there are some encouraging signs, you see very few

lordanians jogging in the streets. It seems that we, Jordanians, have a dislike for physical exertion. Whether it is because we enjoy easy living or because we are intellectuals who prefer to do the thinking part and let others do the walking, is open for debate. But one thing is sure, there is a problem of attitude that needs to be

Not so long ago, when there were hardly any cars in Jordan, people used to walk long distances. Some even used to travel from one village to the other on foot. This tells us that laziness is not an inherent characteristic of Jordanians. And if it is not something we inherited from other cultures (which I very much doubt), then what is behind our attitude? Whatever the reason, we must find a solution. And the only solution I can think of is to force ourselves to exercise one way or the other. In fact, I am personally going to start immediately. I will go right now, put on my jogging suit, and exercise... my options.

UNRWA's 'seed money' programme taking root

AN UNRWA programme to help needy refugees become self-supporting by giving them "seed money" for their own enterprises is beginning to take root.

The programme began in 1983 with 12 self-support projects. Now there are more than 100 projects and some of the refugees running them have been taken off UNRWA's welfare rolls because they no longer need financial

help.
With cash grants from UN-RWA, individual Palestine refugees have opened up small businesses such as a butcher shop and a kiosk selling stationery and sweets. Other refugees with spezial skills have opened up workshops to produce shoes, make

neon signs or patch tires. In 1986, with "seed money" of \$2,000 Mohammad Said Zubi established himself as a tinsmith in Irabid, Jordan, enabling him to provide a better life for his family of eight. A similar grant helped Mohammad Ahmad Sharaf, bead of a family of 10 to set up a brickmaking factory in Irbid. Thanks to a \$7,353 UNRWA grant and assistance from several charitable societies in the Nablus area, West Bank, Safwat Khalil Ismail, the sole breadwinner for 11, was able to build and stock a secondhand clothing store adjacent to his shelter. An imput of \$5,000 enabled Mohammad Atiych Joudeh to expand and diversify the range of goods available at his grocery shop at Nuseirat Camp, Gaza, increasing his income to about \$600 a month, which is three times over the welfare threshold for a family

Today, most of these Palestine refugees are no longer on the Agency's welfare rolls.

Their stories are all the more

remarkable because these refugees used to be among the Special Hardship Cases (SHC) which make up five per cent of the Refugee community. In September 1987, some 30,000 families of 121,912 persons were registered with the Agency as hardship cases and as such were eligible for limited welfare help and food rations. In contrast, the majority of the 2,2 million reg-istered refugees are largely selfsupporting, receiving only education and health services from

UNRWA. The SHC group includes individuals who are unable to seek employment due to a physical disability or personal circumstances: The aged, the disabled, widows and orphans and the chronically ill. Marwan, the tailor, is deaf and dumb; Mohammad, the tinsmith, is chronically ill; Safwat, the second-hand clothing vendor, is paralysed in his left leg. Despite their individual disabilities, UNRWA gave them the means to help themselves but only through their own hard work and determination have they succeeded. Often earnings increased only very gradually as sharp inflation eroded customers' buying

Shattered hopes in Lebanon

Lebanon is the only UNRWA field where the self-support prog-ramme suffered setbacks due to security disturbances. Since May 1985, fighting around refugee camps in Lebanon bas claimed many lives and caused much destruction. The fighting has shattered hopes for self-help projects underway in the Tyre and Beirut areas. The tragic saga was always the same: Projects got off to a good start, earnings were at a good level, then the next report of them because the refugees showed that shops and homes involved had fallen sick or died. were partially or completely destroyed in the fighting and refugees displaced. In some camps the Agency was unable to obtain any news about projects, due to the emergency situation.

Kamal Haj Musa's self support project is a typical example. Kamal, though paralysed, was very enthusiastic about opening a tinsmith shop at Shatila camp in Beirut. UNRWA provided him with "seed money" of \$900. In February 1985, the project was running smoothly. However, during fighting in May and June, his house and shop were damaged.
Due to sporadic fighting, Kamal
began restlessly shifting between
Shatila and Rashidieh camp near Tyre. Finally, he took up residence in Rashidieh. After moving all retrievable project equipment to Rashidieh camp, Kamal started up his project for a second time. Unfortunately, fighting resumed in the south and Rashidieb has been cut off from the outside world for months.

Extremely high inflation is another obstacle to project success in Lebanon. In 1983, it took about four Lebanese pounds to by \$1. In late 1987, it took over 500 Lebanese pounds. Despite reproblems, welfare staff again started up carefully selected new projects but only in areas not affected by fighting.

Keys to success

In the other fields of the Agen-cy's area of operation, Gaza, West Bank, Jordan and Syria, great care is taken to avoid unnecessary risks of failure. Only a few projects have failed - most

Mr. Bernard Mossaz, Chief Relief Services Division says the programme has a high success rate because the projects UN-RWA backs were chosen and monitored carefully. Self-support projects are also adequately capi-

income supplement for refugees with potential for success. However, Mr. Mossaz cautions, a 100 per cent success rate is not possible since the projects involve destitute refugees with disabilities or difficult personal

circumstances.

talised to ensure a hvelihood or

An ontside consultant, John McKenzie reported in 1985, based on his first-hand experiences in Gaza and the West Bank, that the majority of SHC refugees are not able to engage in self-supporting jobs due to their disabilities. However, he added that on the Agency's rolls "there are bound to be a certain, even if a small, number of people capable of helping themselves. These will be people who have previous-ty had trades and skills but who have bad to rely on UNRWA because of hardship. They would

welcome the opportunity of being

able to revive their skills - and would much prefer to be selfsupporting than to take assistance from the Agency."
The lives of some 100 refugee

families have been transformed by the programme.

Jamal Darwish Zumlut living in Gaza is an Agency welfare case now self-employed. Jamal is chronically ill and is unable to work at a regular job requiring much physical effort. In October 1986, he received a \$6,810 grant from UNRWA to open up a video and tape cassettee shop. Six months later the monthly income averaged \$500 --- more than douhie the welfare threshold. He has increased his stock by 50 per cent. He has even branched out into children's toys and has also renovated his shop and shelter.

months old, is one of the pioneers of UNRWA's self-support programme. He can walk only with crutches. With Agency assistance, be opened up a watch repair shop in the sprawling Ba-qa'a camp, Jordan. He is also earning extra money by renting out his own bome-made coloured lights for weddings and parties.

Before setting up the project he used to live with his father but since 1984 he bas been living independently with his wife and children. He says that today he and his family are well-fed and well-dressed and no longer dependent on welfare assistance.

One disabled refugee applying to run a project said the scheme would help him hy raising his family's standard of living and changing people's attitudes to-wards the handicapped. It would also give him the chance to con-trol his own future.

With the self-support programme for SHC refugees off to a good start, there are plans to introduce a parallel scheme to belp combat the high rates of memployment and the sharp inflation affecting the general re-Hasan Muhasin, paralysed in fugee population. This involves both legs since be was four an income-generating loan scheme to operate through local banks and credit institutions. Loans would be made to project beneficiaries from funds provided by the U.K. organisation Cooperation for Development (CD) as well as other non-governmental organisations and administered in coordination with UNRWA -UNRWA feature.

Nablus protesters clash with troops

(Continued from page 1) Asked whether he thought the policies were too tough, Peres said: "It's not a question of the policies being too tough hut that they are being applied too hastily.

Labour's most prominent Arah member of parliament, Abdul Wahab Darawshe, announced Saturday he was resigning from the party over Rabin's policies and called Rahin a murderer on Israel Radio,

Peres-Mubarak contacts

Israeli politicians remained divided over how to deal with the Palestinian protests.

Peres Sunday repeated his call for an international Middle East peace conference amid widespread reports that a senior Peres aide secretly met an Egyptian official over the weekend. Local radio and newspapers

said foreign ministry director Avraham Tamir met Osama Al Baz, political adviser to Egyptian President Hosni Muharak, in France or Switzerland for talks on the latest Egyptian proposals.

Egypt has repeatedly criticised Israel's handling of the demon-strations and has called for Israelis and Palestinians to halt violence for six months while preparations are made for an international conference.

Israeli spokesman refused to comment on the reports, but political sources said Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, who heads the right-wing Likud bloc, was angry that be was not informed of Tamir's mission.

Tens of thousands of Arabs and Israelis turned out for a pair of rallies Saturday.

In what was termed the largest demonstration ever by Israelis against their government's policies in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, at least 50,000 people carrying torches thringed through Tel Aviv Saturday.

In Nazareth, about 30,000 Arabs from villages throughout

Israel gathered to demand the Israeli army leave the territories.

Model cars make their marque

There is a great — and growing — market for miniature model cars. Not any old model, though; Nick Garnett reports that the demand is for super-detailed, grown-up playthings, the most intricate of which can cost up to \$4.000.

POP STARS love them. Nick for model tractors, trucks and Mason of Pink Floyd even visits some of the tiny factories in which they are made. Film direc-tors huy them. John Frank-enheimer had many of bis stolen but recovered most of them. Children drool over them but it is mostly their fathers who collect

In Britain and across Europe, perhaps hundreds of small businesses have been set up to pander to a growing phe-nomenon. In non-descript sheds, small factories or even domestic kitchens, high-quality miniature cars are being hand-built in their

Made out of metal or resin, these grown-np playthings, rather like super Dinkies, usually cost between £20 (\$36) and £150. The most detailed models, such as those made by the Italian company Bosica, can cost £2,000 or

Normally made to a 1:43 scale, the cars have a feel that sets them apart from a toy. They can weigh up to 11b. The models might come with photo-etched windscreen frames and radiator gril-

les, leather seats and sun visors. Many are sent to the U.S. where demand is strong but the production of miniature metal cars in low. Some sales are directed at the collector interested in a theme. Rock guitarist Eric Clapton, for example, has a buge collection of miniature Ferraris. "Collectors are just big kids really," says one maker. A small but important business is supplying vehicle manufacturers with promotional miniature

models. Somerville in Lincoln

makes these for Saab, and NZG

and Conrad in West Germany

hav comered much of the market

construction machinery.

The models are often the product of one man in his own garage. Companies such as Brooklin in Bath, Western Models in Somerset, Danhausen and Tin Wizard in West Germany and the French company AMR might employ about 20, using casting machines derived from the jewellery trade and generating yearly sales of up to £0.5 million.

Although these husinesses are small, the demand for collectable miniature cars is expanding so fast that it is starting to influence the marketing of much larger companies which produce toy cars for children. "Big toy companies used to

langh at us hut they are now having to get into the collectors' market," says Mr. John Hall, Brooklin's owner. "This used to be a nothing market but now it is potentially enormous."

As yet, the products of the toy companies do not compete in quality with the French, British and Italian concerns specialising in detailed models.

The worldwide miniature and toy car industry is immensely fragmented. At the bottom end of the toy market, where miniatures have virtually no proper scale and employ crude die-cast metal, world production has been concentrated in Hong Kong and Macau, and now in Thailand and South Korea.

Further up the ladder are exports. manufacturers making quality, die-cast miniatures in large numbers essentially for the toy market and including mncb of the Macau-made Matchbox range.
Britains and Corgi in the U.K. and Majorette in France.

Matchbox, part of the Univer-

sal group of Hong Kong, is resur-recting the Dinky — once Europe's most famous miniature carmaker - name this year to make what it says will be 'collectahle" miniature cars. Corgi, in Swansea, the U.K.'s biggest producer of toy cars, is expanding ontput of its Corgi Classics, which are partly aimed at collectors. In France, Majorette has purchased Solido, a maker of classic die-cast cars at the bottom end of the collectors' market. The Continental Europeans

have a stranglehold so far on this section of the industry, producing at costs that British manufacturers find tough to compete with.
As well as Solido, these companies include Eligor of France, Rio and Brumm in Italy, and Vitesse in Portugal, selling models at prices as low as £6. Burago of Italy uses a small factory equipped with robots to manufacture high-quality miniatures of various scales at low production cost. Surprisingly, the Soviet Union is in this sector with Zil and Chaika model cars built by Auto

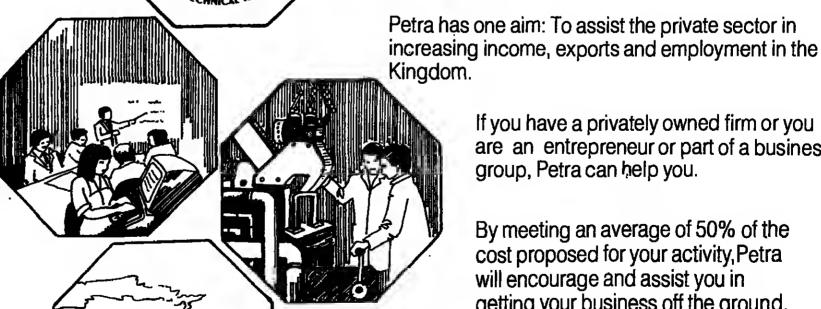
At a higher quality level are the specialist hand-huilding model makers. Most of these use centrifugal casting machines and tin alloy instead of die-cast techni-

Western Models was set up 14 years ago by Mike Stepbens, a 45-year-old former travel agent, and produces more than 15,000 miniatures a year at a small factory in Taunton, Somerset. About 75 per cent of the company's £320,000 turnover comes from

Western has some 100 models in its catalogue, most priced at between £30 and £130. The company also makes promotional models for companies including the Mariboro McLaren racing

team and Aston Martin. Financial Times feature.





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The Swedish champ ends three years of frustration

Wilander foils Cash's bid his way through featherweight for Australian Open title

MELBOURNE (Agencies) — Mats Wilander of Sweden ended three years of frustration Sunday with his triumph at the Australian Open.

Wilander beat Australian Pat Cash 6-3, 6-7, (7-3), 3-6, 6-1, 8-6 to take the men's singles title and dispel any fears that be bad lost the winning style with which he launched his career.

The 23-year-old Swede knew success at an early age. He won the French Open at 17 and then collected two successive Austra-lian Open titles in 1983 and 1984.

But since winning the French Open again in 1985, he had found Grand Slam success — the gauge against which top tennis players are measured — hard to nail

Last year, Wilander came secood hest to world number one Ivan Lendl in both the French and U.S. Open finals and he admitted on Sunday he would have found it tough to recover from another Grand Slam final

"I played well last year, but I lost in two close finals," he said. "It would have heen very hard to continue to work hard if I'd lost this one. That's for sure.

"I don't know whether I can compare this title with the others. The first time I won a Grand Slam tournament, I guess that

"But, I think this one is different because I've been working much harder than before."

hid the Washington Redskins

good luck Saturday after the team

finished its final workout before

Cornerback Darrell Green

aggravated his rib injury during

the two-hour session, but coach

Joe Gibbs dismissed the mishap

as minor and preferred instead to talk about North's surprise

"Oliver North has gotten to be a friend of ours," Gibbs said.

"He came here at Christmas and

the players got a kick out of it. So

he came out again today to wish

the city's planned sports arena.

appearance.

us off.

going to San Diego for the Super

Wilander's skill has never been io douht. He possesses a powerful serve, a solid baseline game and

Skills alone don't pay

But, the success of Lendl and

Casb, who both follow barsb fit-

ness regimes, convinced Wilan-

der his skills were no longer

sufficient to guarantee success.

Over the past six months, Wilander has worked on his speed and agility. This has helped increase the scope of his game to

Wilander collected \$105,000 for the victory, plus a \$50,000 Men's International Professional

Tennis Council primary event

bonus. Cash, the No. 4 seed, earned \$52,500 plus a \$25,000

Wilander scrambled hack and

encompass octolay.

and deuce.

delicate drop shot.

North bids Redskins good luck

before Super Bowl showdown

HERNDON, Virginia (AP) — The Redskins were scheduled American Lt. Col. Oliver North to leave for San Diego Sunday

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Region already has most facilities for games

SAN JOSE, California (AP) — The San Francisco Bay area already has most of the facilities necessary if the region succeeds in its hid to host the 1996 Summer Olympics, a member of the U.S. Olympic Committee said Saturday. The only major facility missing is a velodrome, which all the other American cities in the said Hadrons said Hadrons along with

running also lack. Richard Harkness said. Harkness, along with

nine other members of the Olympic committee, spent Friday and

Saturday visiting arenas, pools and other sports centres in San Francisco, the San Francisco Peninsula and the East Bay. They

also heard a presentation by San Jose Mayor Tom McEnery about

BRUSSELS (R) — Mechelen narrowed the gap at the top of the Belgian First Division Soccer League Saturday night with a 2-0 win over leaders Antwerp. In a key tie at the re-start to the season after a five-week winter break, goals by Lei Clijster in the 71st minute and Birt der Bost in the 77st minute and Birt der Birt

minute and Piet den Boer in the 87th min ensured a comfortable home victory for Mechelen. They have 30 points, two behind

Mechelen closes gap at top of league

der with a simple smash.

night and resume practice Mon-

day for their Jan. 31 Super Bowl

date with the Denver Broncos.

North, the former National

Security assistant accused in the

arms-for-Iran-hostage deal, ar-

rived shortly before the end of

field, and after shouts of "Ollie, Ollie," subsided, he spoke to the

team. He is a U.S. marine.
"Our players like the colonel,"
Gibbs said. "You know those

marines going over the hill,

they've got a lot at stake, too. A little more than what we have."

Meanwhile, Greeo sat out most

practice. He was invited onto the miss any time."

"I don't think I could have won this match six or seven months ago as I feel I'm a little bit stronger," said Wilander. "I used to lose my concentration because I got tired, but I doo't do that that often now."

out for the match.

take a 7-6 lead and then served

Wilander was pleased particu-larly with his performance in the first two sets before the first of two interruptions because of rain. He won the first set 6-3 and led 4-1 in the second when play was

halted for 30 minutes. "I think it was the best tennis I've ever played in my whole life during those first two sets," said Wilander, who kept an out-oftouch Cash pioned down with the accuracy of his serving and re-

The break breathed life into Cash who came out firing and won the second set on a tiebreak and the third 6-3.

"I came out and started playing a hit more aggressively and pulled off some great volleys," said Cash who last year lost the final to Stefan Edberg in five sets. Both new talents came proved important during the final and ultimately guaranteed victory on one point in the fifth and final set Wilander won the fourth set when the score was locked at 6-6

6-1 as tiredness crept up on Cash in the wake of his five-set semifioal against Lendl.
"I think it (the Lendl match) forth along the baseline retrieving

weeks ago, in a playoff game at Chicago, he suffered pulled car-

tilage in his ribs while running

back a punt for a touchdown.

"Darrell got stung again, be got hit," Gibbs said. "But I don't

thick it's any big deal. He finished practice and shouldn't

ryl Grant missed much of the

session because of a sprained ankle. but Gibbs said he ex-

pected him to be ready before

the Super Bowl.
Offensive tackle Joe Jacoby

missed some drills due to a shoul-

der injury he suffered Friday, but

just a slight strain."

he said, "the shoulder's fine. It's

The players were pleased to bid farewell to Redskin Park, where they have practised since late

August.
"We're glad to get out of here,
I know that," defensive end Dexter Manley said." I don't have
any sentimental feelings about

leaving here for warm San

Gibbs said he hoped the play-

ers would be more intense on the

west coast than they were in the

"We've had good work, hut they (the players) haven't con-

centrated the way we like,"
Gibbs said. "Hopefully, we'll get
everything out of our system and
on Wednesday get back to some
serious, hard work."

Gibbs did not lay the team's

placekicking controversy to rest.

Would it be the inconsistent

Ali Haji-Sheikh, who has missed

five of his last eight field goal attempts, or Jess Atkinson, who

hasn't kicked in a game since suffering a dislocated left ankle Sept. 13?

Starting defensive tackle Dar-

Cash drives and smashes and then just took a little hit of edge off me raced to the net to dig out a in the fifth set. I wasn't quite as Cash was so amazed by this quick as I would bave liked to athleticism he presented Wilanhave been. It's tough playing two tough five-setters in two days,"

The Redskins were scheduled of the practice after being struck to leave for San Diego Sunday in the ribs with a football. Three

Grove boxes

GAMACHES. France (AP) -Calvin Grove of the Uoited States knocked out Antonio Rivera of Puerto Rico in the fourth round to win the International Boxing Federation (IBC) featherweight title.

The koockout late Saturday night was the 32nd straight victory for Grove. Rivera had not defended his title since August 30, 1986.

Grove was knocked down early in the decisive round, but came off the canvas to stun the champion, knock him down in return and force the referee to stop the

"I proved that I'm not only a boxer but also a puncher," Grove

said after the fight. He said the Rivera blow that decked him down at the start of the fourth round did not hurt

"I went down hecause I didn't see it coming." he said. "But when you're in good shape, as I am, you recover from a punch,

even a good one." Grove said he had been knocked down twice before in 32 fights and has demonstrated he has

been able to come back. "I wasn't about to waste five years of professional fighting with a defeat in my first shot at

Rivera said he felt the effects of his long layoff.

"I am very disappointed," Rivera said, "Wheo I sent him to the canvas, I wanted to finish it off fast - too fast. Now I'll take two months off before getting back in

the ring."
The two boxers spent the first round of the scheduled 15-round bout feeling each other out, hut Rivera scored in the second round with a hard right to Grove's head.

Grove clearly was in trouble and instinctively went into a clinch with Rivera, before recovering to hit his opponent with a combination of lefts at the end of the round.

Jansher earns another squash title

BLOIS, France (R) - World squasb champion Jansher Khan, who won eight Grand Prix titles in 1987, added another to his collection wheo he defeated Australian Brett Martin 10-8, 9-2, 9-0 in the Blois International final

Sunday. Fifth-seed Martin, playing in his first Grand Prix final a day after his 25th birthday, resisted strongly in the first game before the 18-year-old Pakistani overran

The Australian, ranked 13th in the world, clawed his way back from 7-I down to 8-8 in the first game only to waste his good effort with two simple mistakes which enabled the top seed to

Martin had played the first game to his own strengths, slowing down the tempo of the rallies and hitting good length, but world number one Jansher then subjected him to the full brunt of his power and agility, allowing him only two further points to close the match in 42 minutes.

Martin, often overshadowed by his higher-ranked younger brnther Rodney, was still delighted to have contested a Grand Prix

Jansher travels next to Antwerp for the Belgium Trophy (January 27-31), followed by the Finnish Open in Helsinki (Febru-

ary 4-8).

His next meeting with compatriot Jahangir Khan, whom he displaced as numbr one in the world rankings at the turn of the year, is scheduled for the Spanish Open in Madrid at the heginning of March.

Mahrer leads Swiss downhill triumph on the Alps the runnerup, only 38-hundreds of a second behind Mahrer despite the handicap of starting

ON THE ROAD TO CALGARY: Leaders of the pack including Italy's Alberto Tomba and Swiss teammates Michela Figini and

(AP) - Daniel Mahrer led a Swiss double sweep in a World Cup downhill race Sunday, post-ing his second win of the winter and underscoring his team's dominaoce of the discipline.

AMMAN LITTLE LEAGUE

BASKETBALL STANDINGS

Mids-I teams

3) Danish Dairy

NECC

2) Istiklal

4) EEE

.5) Intercon

Senior teams

JWM

Results of Friday games

Vs.

1) France Lait

4) Westinghouse

5) La Vache Qui Rit 0

Samar 4

Astra 5

Marriott 20

GEMT 19

Intercon 16

La Vache Qui Rit 29

Westinghouse 34

Istiklal 12

Mahrer clinched the race with a speed surge at the end of the course, sweeping through an icy curve and finish stretch to set a time of 2 minutes, 17,53 seconds. Teammate Franz Heinzer was

Janior teams

Dorma

Samar

Astra

Mids-2 teams

Jor-Exp

Furukawa

Marriott

Dorma 6

Jor-Exp 46

NEP 24

NECC 21

France Lait 35

Al-Ahlyah 37

Arab Bank 20

Juniors

Arab Bank

Nash/EBB

Pirmin Zurbriggen (File photo)

LEUKERBAD, Switzerland

first, Igor Cigolla of Italy, who started 32nd, skied to a surprising third place in 2:18.00.

It was the fourth Swiss victory in six downhills this winter, a string broken only by Rob Boyd of Canada last month and Italy's Michael Mair at Leukerbad Saturday, when fresh snow on the course upset the favourites.

Mahrer, 26, won the season opening downhill at Val d'Isere. Cup of Alpine Ski Race of the finished fourth and Gustav Oerhli completed the stroog Swiss show-

last group down the course to slalom runs. help compact the snow for the favourites starting in the first

The hill, the longest on this season's circuit at 3.810 metres. 1:19.79. had firmed and was about 1.5 seconds faster than Saturday.

The race proved almost as disappointing as Saturday's for two January she won a giant slalom in Swiss aces, defeoding World Cup Tignes, France. champion Pirmin Zurbriggen and downhill world champion Peter

behind Mahrer. Mueller was even the season's 20 races. further behind at 2:19.72.

specialist who does not race downhills. In the downhill standings, Zur-

briggen retained the lead ahead of Mair and Boyd. Mair, whose superb gliding ability proved decisive in Satur-

seconds behind. Schneider wins women's

circuit Vreni Schneider of Switzerland Anita Wachter.

Felix Belczyk of Canada season as she combined two smooth runs down a short course Sunday. ing with fifth place. Schneider clocked 38.94
After about 10 centimetres of seconds and 40.70 for a total time

overnight snowfall, organisers de- of 1 minute, 19.11 seconds. Both cided to send six starters from the times were the fastesi of the

Second place went to Christa Kinshofer of West Germany. 1:19.73 and third was another Swiss, Corinne Schmidhauser,

It was the second victory of the season and 13th of her career for. the 23-year-old from Elm. In

Brigitte Oertli of Switzerland won the combined event, which included results of Saturday's Zurbriggen, second in the downhill and Sunday's slalom. overall cup standings, got the Oertli's victory meant that loudest cheers from spectators Switzerland has now won the last but finished 13th. 1.64 seconds seven women's events and 13 of

The placing gained Zurbriggen Schneider led after the first only three points for a total of heat in 38.41, which was held in a 166. 40 points behind leader constant snowfall through 47

Alberto Tomba of Italy, a slalom gates that dropped 157 metres. The snow had stopped by afternoon. Schneider skied 15th in the afternoon heat and took the lead. from Kinshofer, who celebrated

her 27th birthday Sunday. Camilla Nilsson of Sweden was fourth in the slalom race, clock--

day's race, finished eighth, 1.15 ing 1:19.86. Yugoslavia's Mateja seconds behind.

Svet was fifth in 1:20.46. A quartel of Austrians fol-lowed: Monika Maierhofer, Ida-

Ladstaetter, Ulrike Maler and

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EMBASSY OF INDIA, AMMAN (JORDAN) REPUBLIC DAY

To mark the Republic Day of India, a flag-hoisting ceremony will take place on Tuesday, January 26, 1988 at 10.00 a.m. at the Embassy of India, First Circle, Jabal All Indian nationals are cordially invited to attend.

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PASSPORT LOST

Philippines national Editha P. Jallorina on Oct. 10, 1987 in

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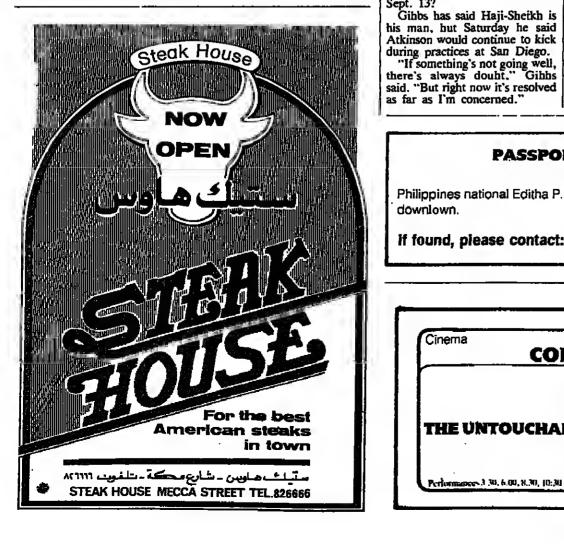
Please contact Mr. Ammari or Mr. Batronis.

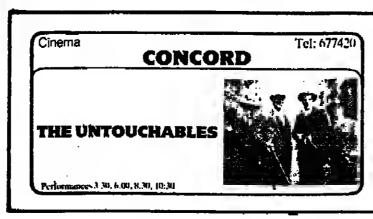
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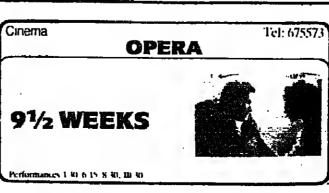
FOR RENT FURNISHED APARTMENT

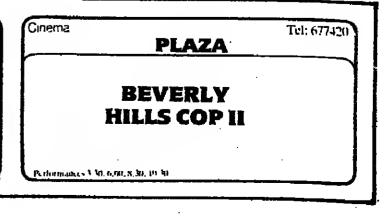
2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, central healing, garage, telephone, spacious, with veranda. Convenient location in Shmeisani, near commercial area. Enquiries: tel. 624719 (daytime) or

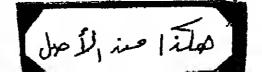
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NEWS IN BRIEF

IDB extends JD 7.7m industrial loans

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Industrial Development Bank (IDB) last year granted 58 loans totalling ID 7.713 million to local industries. An IDB bulletin said that the loans financed purchases of raw materials and fixed assets.

Trade chiefs to meet Wednesday

AMMAN (J.T.) — The executive council of the Federation of Tordanian Chambers of Commerce is due to meet Wednesday to discuss trade issues and review a report by the federation's secretariat: The council is expected to review the Jordanian trade law, the work of a Jordanian-Turkish economic committee and participation in an international economic seminar to be held in Switzerland. The subject of setting up a Jordanian industrial exhibition in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia in March will also be on the council's agenda.

Lawzi leaves for IFAD meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Secretary-General of the Ministry of Agriculture Salem Lawzi left for Rome Sunday to take part in the 11th meeting of the council of governors of International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD). The participants in the five-day meeting due to start Monday will discuss means of supporting agricultural projects in member nations during 1988 and major projects that had been implemented in cooperation

NAF helps 1,662 families in Irbid

IRBID (Petra) - The National Aid Fund (NAF) has granted JD 410,797 in aid to 1,662 families in Irbid Governorate until the end of 1987, Irbid Social Development Department Director Zaki Al Tal said Saturday. Tal added that the fund also granted emergency aid totalling JD 2,818 to 43 families who lost their breadwinners. It also allocated JD 31,225 for vocational rehabilitation and JD 1,123 for physical rehabilitation.

Arab-British Chamber of Commerce highlights Jordanian-Scottish link of Commerce was designated a

LONDON - A hitherto unpublicised link between Scotland and Jordan concerning technology transfer could, within a few years, prove to have a valuable effect on business prospects for both sides and in the Arab region

in general, Under the auspices of the Arab-British Chamber of Commerce, in response to a proposal made by Burhan Dajani, secretary general of the General Union of Arah Chambers of Commerce, Industry & Agriculture for Arab Countries, a working group has made considerable progress to-wards linking the Scottish and Jordanian private sectors in part-. .nership.

For many years, Arab countries have been in dialogue with the Enropean nations in an attempt to secure a systematic transfer of technology. Salemate had developed, and Dajani sought to overcome the impasse; by shifting the dialogue to the arcna of the private sector. The Arab-British Chamber of Commerce agreed to become the vehi-

Abdul Karim Al Mudaris, the amber's secretary general & chief executive, appointed a small, highly proficient study group to examine the proposal and identify bow it might become a reality.

The group concluded that it would be best to select a specific region within the United Kingdom, which would enable the relevant private enterprises to respond to initiatives. The group decided after consideration of all other U.K. regions, to look at Scotland.

The group recognised that Scotland has a large reservoir of industrial, engineering, technical and market-oriented academic skills. Its independent financial community has created a leading and growing technologically-supported service sector with one of the best records in the world. Its husinessmen have a worldwide

LE

ER

SENT

3 Type of egg? 4 Tiny bit 5 Pudgy

reputation for their skills and enterprise.

Scotland, which played a lead-Jordan by a delegation composed of chamber, SDA and Scottish mg part in the first industrial revolution, is now in the forefront of European high technology de-

Following an initial report submitted by the group, Al Mudaris led a delegation north in late 1986, where contact was established with the Scottish Development Agency (SDA), which emphasises technology transfer as an integral part of its inward investment policy; and the Scot-tish Council Development & Industry, an organisation concerned with the promotion of Scottish exports and "strategic thinking.'

The outcome of the visit was excellent, and the study group expanded into a working group, formed between the chamber and SDA, with a significant repre-

sentation from the council.

The working group's first task was to decide whether to link Scotland in this respect to the whole Arab region, or narrow down the initial link to a country of comparable size. The latter option would provide a well-defined prospect for cooperation and make detailed monitoring easier. It was for these reasons that the group favoured this option and fordan emerged as the country most comparable to Scotland.

The working group produced a "model" for haking Scottish and Jordanian private sector interests through joint ventures. This covered the compilation of a register of possible candidates for joint ventures in both Scotland and Jordan, means of overcoming logistic and cultural barriers, and the monitoring of company peformance where joint ventures

got underway. As the scheme would clearly benefit both Scotland and Jordan, the SDA agreed to act as the institution responsible for promo-tion of the scheme within Scotland. The Arab-British Chamber

Insurance companies merge

AMMAN (J.T.) — The French insurance company Union de Paris has agreed to merge with the Middle East Insurance Company. Earlier, Petra Insurance Company announced it had decided to merge Middle East Insurance.

Insurance companies in Jordan were given an extension until Jan. 31 to meet certain criterias or merge. Five companies have not still announced any plans to meet the government's requirement.

Charitable societies to get JD 8,700

AMMAN (Petra) — The executive council of the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) has decided to grant charitable societies in the Kingdom a sum of JD 8,700 to belp them improve their social services. A council spokesman said that the beneficiaries are 20 societies in addition to societies which offer care for handicapped people in Karak, and one that offers help to orpbans

Jordanian economist to address international trade symposium

AMMAN (J.T.) - The president discussions. of the Arah Society for the Protection of Industrial Property (ASPIP), Talal Ahu Ghazaleh, will participate in an international symposium organised by the International Centre for Business

and to assess its role.

The symposium is titled the symposium is titled the symposium is titled to assess its role. and Commerce, Georgetown University, Washington, D.C. The symposium is jointly sponsored by the university and the French embassy in the United States, entitled The New GATT

Ahu Ghazaleh will deliver a presentation on trade-related aspects of intellectual property which is currently under GATT

key liaison role.

The next step was a visit to

council representatives to discuss

the "model" with Jordanian orga-

The visit took place in March,

1987, and the delegation was hosted by the Federation of

Jordanian Chambers of Com-

merce, A series of meetings were

held with several Jordanian

ministries, the federation itself,

the Royal Scientific Society

(RSS), and other important in-

dustrial and academic institutions

The delegation had the honour

of meeting HRH Crown Prince

Hassan, who is known for his

keen interest in technology trans-

fer. He gave a warm welcome to

the scheme. At the end of the

visit it was agreed that the RSS

would form the counterpart to

Since that visit, considerable

work has been undertaken to

produce a working agreement

covering the many aspects of

joint ventures as a means of

transferring technology. The agreement defined clearly the re-spective roles of the chamber,

SDA and RSS in every stage of

the scheme, from the initial ree-

istration of participating com-

panies to the introduction of

prospective partners, means of

resolving logistic problems and monitoring methods.

now heing studied by the respec-

tive parties, and there is consider-

able optimism that the scheme

will become a reality in the near

future — Arab British Com-

A draft of this agreement is

in the Kingdom.

the SDA.

misations.

The symposium is held to mark the 40th anniversary of the formation of the GATT (General Agreement on Tariff and Trade),

The symposium is titled "Uru-guay Round, New GATT Agen-da" in reference to the GATT conference that was held in Uruguay in 1986.

Among topics scheduled for discussion are the topics currently under GATT negotiation i.e. Agriculture and Trade in Ser-

Riyadh raises phone charges

RIYADH (R) - Saudi Arabia has raised telephone charges for the first time in 14 years in efforts to bridge a budget deficit caused by stagnant oil income.

Deputy minister for posts Fouad Abu Mansour said in an interview carried by the Sandi Press Agency the move was taken to keep pace with rates in neighbouring countries.

Local calls, installation charges, annual fees, telex and telegram charges will all be increased. But the price of long distance and international tele phone calls is unchanged.

So far this year the Saudi government has had to backtrack twice in its plans to increase revenues, revoking first a controversial plan to tax foreigners then cancelling a number of planned increases in service charges and selected tariffs.

The government's difficulties in pushing through bigher charges in the face of strong public protest sparked rumours last week that a devaluation of the Saudi riyal was in the pipeline to boost the value of dollar-denominated oil exports.

But the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, the central bank, denied on Saturday any change was planned and Saudi interest rates fell back sharply on Sunday as speculation receded.

Under the new scheme of telephone charges, the installation; fee nearly doubles to 600 riyals (\$160) from 325 riyals (\$87) and a new system is introduced for line charges.

A uniform annual rate of 150 riyals (\$40) will be replaced with charges of 360 riyals (\$96) for main lines, 170 riyals (\$45) for secondary lines with international dialling and 80 riyals (\$21) for lines without international dial lines without international di-

Iraq encourages private enterprises

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq, which badly needs foreign The items are expensive comexchange to pay for its seven-year war with Iran, has turned to private enterprise to keep its shops stocked with consumer goods.

Trade Minister Mohammad Mahdi Saleb said traders had imported more than \$600 million warth of goods in the past three years without drawing on the state's foreign currency reserves..

"Merchants have used foreign exchange savings or accounts they or their relatives have abroad to import all sorts of commodities, without asking for any foreign currency from the government," he told economists

The minister, speaking about this year's foreign trade plan, said

the goods included electrical appliances, textiles, cars and car parts, agricultural machinery and imports for industry.

The war has cost Baghdad huge sums in foreign exchange. In 1984 the ruling Revolutionary Command Council urged all Iraqis with overseas accounts to use them to buy imports and banned any legal investigations into the source of bard currency.

Shops in Baghdad and other cities are full of colour TVs and videos, air conditioners, re-

pared to goods imported by the public sector but were all very scarce in the early years of the

Mahdi gave no revenue figures for the 1988 foreign trade plan but said the private sector would be allocated 14 per cent of the total, a significant boost on its 1987 allocation.

The public sector would get 79 per cent, two per cent less than in 1987 and the rest would go to mixed public/private or cooperative enterprises. Mahdi said the new plan gave

exporters major incentives in order to swell foreign currency reserves.

Apart from oil. Iraq is a major

About 90 per cent of Iraq's bard currency come from oil, which finances the war and its major economic development plan. Exports have increased to about three million harrels per

The minister praised recent agreements with other countries which he said played an active

role in financing the trade plan. Mahdi said his ministry had saved 60 million dinars (\$192 million) by sharp cuts in hureaucracy. The total number of economic organisations, state companies and directorate-generals had been halved.

He said President Saddam Hussein had ordered all state

frigerators and modern tashions. exporter of sulphur, phosphates organisations to trim spending.

Islamic bank starts new financial scheme BAHRAIN (R) - A major Isla- month. Kamel said. The money mic banking group began a public offering Saturday of shares in an investment fund hased on Muslim laws which prohibit interest pay-

Saleh Kamel, chairman of the Jeddah-based Al Baraka Group, told reporters the fund was divided into shares with a nominal value of \$100 each.

Ten per cent of the shares are controlled by Al Baraka while the

rest are non-voting shares to be sold to the public. The first offering is worth \$19 million and will be open for one' the market price.

Sandi oil to Turkey and the purchase of real estate in He expected the shares to yield

will be used to finance the sale of

an annual return of 8.425 per

Kamel said the fund was based on the Islamic concept of "murabaha," under which an investor huys a product for immediate delivery to a third party. Payment is at a later date, between one and 24 months, at a margin above

Kamel said Al Baraka would create a secondary market later this year where shareholders they would form the capital of a would be able to sell their shares Bahrain-registered company crethe first time such a market had been created.

"The instrument will allow Islamic institutions to pump in or such out liquidity from the market by issuing paper," Kamel

The Al Baraka Group is made up of some 15 banks and investment companies throughout the world with combined assets of

Kamel said a number of similar funds would be created. Together ated for the purpose, Al Tawfeek Company for Investment Funds

Kamel said a second company, Al Amin Securities Company BSC, was also being created with

Al Tawfeek would deal in medium and long-term investments in a variety of currencies and Al Amin would concentrate on short-term dollar investments.

Saudi Cairo Bank seeks increase in capital

RIYADH (R) — Saudi Cairo Bank, one of nine joint-venture hanks in the kingdom, is seeking a 300 million riyal (\$80 million) capital infusion to try to over-come a financial crisis dating back to the late 1970s.

The move will effectively halve the 40 per cent stake in the bank held by Egypt's government-owned Banque Du Caire.

Bankers said Saudi Cairo, which is heing supported by the Saudi Arahian Monetary Agency, had begun negotiations to double its capital to 600 million riyals (\$160 million). Only last year, the Jeddahhring its capital to the current 300 million, but hankers said that was still not enough to back provisions needed against a mountain of non-performing loans.

based hank floated new shares to

At the moment, 60 per cent of Saudi Cairo's capital is held by private Saudi shareholders.

But the new funds would be provided solely by the Saudi government-owned Public Investment Fund. That would mean 480 million riyals (\$128 million) of the total capital would be Saudi and only 120 million (\$32 million) Egyptian, reducing the latter's

sovereign debtors are protected

to lose.

stake to 20 per cent from 40 per cent.

Saudi Cairo first ran into trouble in the late 1970s when it lost over \$100 million in speculation on precious metals markets.

It incurred further losses during 1984 and 1985 from lending and has still not published its 1986

Most Saudi banks have seen their profits eaten away by provisions, with many of the problem loans stemming from lending to private companies within Saudi Arabia, But bankers said Saudi Cairo appeared particularly hard

Negotiations over the second capital infusion are expected to be completed as soon as a final tally of Saudi Cairo's necessary

bankers said.

In its last accounts, Saudi Cairo declared net nil profit for 1985 and since then has been supported by the monetary agency,

provisions has been drawn up,

Saudi Arabia's central bank. Bankers estimate it has pumped in almost one billion riyals (\$265 million) in interest free deposits which the bank has reinvested to generate revenue.

reditors look to courts on Third World debt

LONDON (R) - Frustrated creditors are starting to look to courts of law to belp them squeeze cash out of debtor coun-

One group bas already issued a series of writs to contest terms Nigeria has proposed to settle debts due on imports.

Bankers say this move, along with warnings by a group of North Korea's creditor hanks, raise the prospect of seizing these countries' foreign assets. Will it work?

"A good lawyer would tell his clients to give up," said Richard Portes, a professor specialising in international deht studies at Birk-

beck College, London. The Nigerian and North Korean cases could mark a new departure, bankers said. Creditors usually avoid the

courts, at least when the dehtor is a sovereign state. land Banking Group Ltd, to Court action would be bound which North Korea owes more to hlight future husiness relations than 1.4 billion marks (\$835 mil-

that Nigeria has already rejected, said John Krzywkowski, the group's lawyer. Nigeria is contesting writs already filed by the group, which

ditors, may want to initiate a case

aimed at recovering \$2 billion of

debt they claim they are due but

on Monday faces a court action in London to test its policy of not naming its members. Meanwhile, a group of banks, led hy Morgan Grenfell and Co. Ltd and Australia and New Zea-

with a dehtor nation, and hion), bave warned they might take steps to seize North Korean

by immunity legislation making it difficult to persuade a court to seize a debtor's overseas assets. British law grants immunity from seizure to sovereign assets But the Nigerian and North Kobut this should not pose too great rean creditors feel they have little an obstacle, lawyers said. The 1978 state immunity act desig-A group called confidential renated sovereign assets as those coveries (C.R.), formed by a group of Nigeria's uninsured cre-

belonging to a foreign central bank or monetary authority.
"If you're going for central bank assets you're whistling in the wind," said a British lawyer

In North Korea's case, bankers said they had a harder case. They say there are few North Korean assets in Britain to be seized, who had represented Nigeria.

lawyer, said that, since Nigeria's central hank had issued promissory notes to cover the debt, it could be deemed by courts to have acted in a commercial capacity, so that the sovereign immunity would not apply. In addition, he said, the prom-

issory notes debt carried waivers for sovereign immunity. even assuming they could get an

But Krzywkowski, C.R.'s injunction.

Jordan to import more Egyptian rice AMMAN (J.T.) — A Jordanian delegation led by Ministry of Supply Undersecretary Abdullah Al Hawamdeh will travel to Cairo next month to arrange for Jordan's purchase of Egyptian rice, according to a government decision. Hawamdeh will negotiate the purchase of 10 to 20 thousand tonnes of rice for the Jordanian market in implementation of resolutions reached by the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee at its last meeting in Amman. Hawamdeh said that tentative agreement has been reached with the Egyptian side that an international firm should

Peanuts

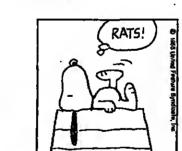
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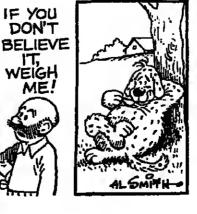




Mutt'n' Jeff







Andy Capp

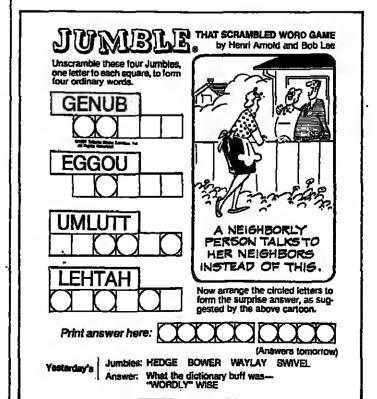












10 killed, 300 injured in police firing in Bangladesh

DHAKA (AP) — Police and opponents of President Hussain Mohammad Ershad clashed Sunday when opposition leader Sheikh Hasina led a procession through the port city of Chittagong. At least ten people died and as many as 300 were wounded, witnesses said.

A senior opposition official, Abdul Jaiil, put the death toll at 10. Contacted by telephone in Chittagong, he accused police of firing "abruptly and without pro-

Hasina was not hurt and shouted at police to hald their fire, according to two of her aides in Dhaka, who were in contact with Chittagong.

Jnumalists in Chittagong said vinlence erupted throughout the southeastern city after police fired rifles and tear-gas as Hasina and several thousand supporters arrived at a rally site.

After police fired, protesters threw homemade bombs and set fire to at least six vehicles, the

Zahidul Karim, Chittagnng correspondent for Dainik Bangla newspaper, tald his Dhaka office he saw three bodies.

There were many injuries. The emergency department of the Chittagong medical college hospital overflowed with injured persons." Karim reported.

The government did nnt comment immediately. People answering telephones at the offices and homes of senior officials said no one was available for comment.

Jalil, who is the international affairs secretary for Hasina's Awami League, said police first fired at the rally site in the Laldighi grounds in central Chittagong. He said police subsequently opened fire in several parts of the city, which is 233 kilometres southeast of Dhaka.

A Chittagong resident, speaking on condition of anonymity, said he heard scores of homh hlasts in the Laldighi neighbour-

Hasina, who is trying to force Ershad to resign from the presidency, had led a six-hour, 16kilometre procession from Chittagning airport to the Laldighi

When the firing started, Hasina shouted from atop a truck: "Rise against the killer regime of Gen. Ershad and topple it through mass movement," her aides in Dhaka reported.

As people ran in panie, Hasina shouted at police: "Do not fire at the masses. They are your fathers and hrothers," the aides said. The aides, Mohammad Karzon and Tapan Das Gupta, said Hasina then was driven to a nearby

Mourners defy Indian troops blamed for S. African ban

SOWETO, South Africa (R) -Mourners turned the funeral of black newspaper editor Percy Qoboza into a passionate denunciation of South Africa's apartheid racial segregation laws Sunday.

Despite a police ban on political speakers, a multi-racial congregation of thousands in Soweto's cavernous Regina Mundi Church heard tributes to jailed hlack nationalist leader Nelson Mandela and bitter attacks on

"We will hury Percy Qoboza with dignity and not according to the dictates of somehody sitting somewhere," Anhrey Mokoena of "The Free Mandela Campaign" said

Qohoza, whose anti-apartheid crusade brought him a jail term and the closure of his newspaper by the government, died last Sunday at the age of 50.

Using emergency powers, police decreed that only clergymen and officially-authorised speakers could address his funeral in the heart of South Africa's higgest- hlack township near Johanneshurg.

of Sri Lanka and India prepared for talks this week amid comone Sri Lankan government plaints that Indian troops are

delaying peace in Sri Lanka because they have failed to disarm Tamil rebels.

President Junius Jayewardene and two cabinet ministers will meet Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi of India in New Delhi to discuss the trnubled peace accord.

Under the agreement, India sent an estimated 25,000 soldiers to Sri Lanka and Tamil rebels were to lay down their arms in exchange for greater autonomy in parts of the country.

Senior Sri Lankan government officials, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said Saturday that Jayewardene would tell Gandhi that Sri Lanka has completed its part of the peace accord between the two countries, but peace has been delayed by the failure of Indian troops to "defang the

Tamil Tigers.' Other issues will include allegations that Indian troops have raped women and looted towns, the officials said.

The peace accord, signed in Colombo last July 29, called for elections to establish councils in all of the island's nine provinces hy Dec. 31, 1987.

Another clause of the agreement called on the Sri Lankan government to lift the emergency regulations covering the Tamildominated northern and eastern provinces by last Aug. 15.

Both time-frames have fallen by the wayside because from Sri

wins Golden

BEVERLY HILLS, California

(AP) - "The Last Emperor,"

the panoramic history of modern

China, won the Golden Globe for

dramatic motion picture Saturday while Sally Kirkland, the emig-

rant actress in "Anna," and Michael Douglas, the ruthless "Wall Street" trader, took top

The 88-member Hollywood

Foreign Press Association, bes-

towing the year's first movie

awards, also gave the directing

trophy to Bernardo Bertolucci,

who spent four years making

"The Last Emperor," in Peking's

The film also won for its

Mark Peploe and original score by

Ryuichi Sakamoto, David Byrne

The Golden Globe for best

comedy or musical motion pic-

ture was presented to "Hope and

Glory," John Boorman's re-

miniscence of his boyhood in

Cher, the dowdy widow who falls

in love with the wrong man in

"Moonstruck," and Rohin Wil-

liams, the manic disc jockey in

"Good Morning, Vietnam," won Golden Globes for their perform-

ances in the movie musical or

The press group gave its sup-

porting performers awards to

Olympia Dukakis, the feisty

mother in "Moonstruck," and

'The Last

Emperor'

Globe

drama honours.

forbidden city.

and Cong Sn.

wartorn Britain.

comedy category.

Shevardnadze receives delay in Sri Lankan peace COLOMBO (AP) - The leaders Lanka's point of view the Tamil Tigers have not been subdued by

Order of Lenin thousands of Indian troops," said

nadze Sunday was awarded the Order of Lenin, his country's top The civil war began four years decoration, to mark his 60th ago when Tamil rebels began birthday and his contribution to agitating for an independent the Communist Party and Soviet state, TASS said. Tamils, who make up 18 per

Shevardnadze, who took over as foreign minister from Andrei A. Gromyko in July 1985, helped negotiate the treaty to ban intermediate-range nuclear missiles that was signed at last month's superpower summit

in meetings with U.S. Secretary of State George P. Shultz. Shevardnadze resolved many of the stickiest negotiations on the

Shevardnadze has also given Soviet diplomacy a more personable face than the dour Gromyko, who is now the titular head of the Soviet state.

TASS said Shevardnadze "received the top decoration for great services to the Communist Party and the Soviet state." but did not elaborate.

Before becoming foreign minister. Shevardnadze was head of the Communist Party in the Georgian Republic, where he gained a reputation for cracking down on rampant corruption.

He is the only non-Slavic memincreasingly are critical of the ber of the 13-member party Polit-Indian presence in Sri Lanka. The Sinhalese allege that the buro, the country's ruling body. He was the first top Soviet president has sold out their rights official to receive the Order of to Tamil extremists. The Tamils Lenin since Mikhail Gorbachev say Jayewardene has given them took over the Kremlin leadership no alternative but to fight for a

in March 1985.

Former guerrilla foes fall in love in jail

ROME (R) - Two former Italian urban guerrillas - une from the extreme right and one from the far left — have buried their ideological differences and fallen

U.S. university names

WASHINGTON (R) - A sports complex named for Saudi Arabian husinessman Adnan Khashoggi, one of the figures involved in the Iran-contra affair. will be opened at American University Saturday night with a basketball game. Khashoggi donated \$5 million for the \$20 million complex, which includes a 5,000seat baskethall arena, a swimming pool, squash and racketball courts and exercise rooms. American University President Richard Berenzen said there had been little student protest about naming the centre for Khashoggi despite his role in providing financing for the sale of U.S. arms in Iran in 1986. Berenzen said he had no reservations about accepting the money for the indepen-

Sex book may cost Wright's aide his job

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

West Virginia (AP) - A press zide hired by House of Representatives speaker Jim Wright to polish his image is likely to lose his job following disclosures that be wrote a sex book in 1982, congressional sources said Satur-day. George Mair was hired on a six-month contract by Wright in December to correct what the speaker called "factual errors" in some news accounts about his intervention with federal regulators on behalf of ailing Texas savings and loan institutions. But rather than smoothing matters, Mair sparked controversy by sending out stinging letters to numerous news organisations criticising their coverage and, in one instance, accusing reporters of "possibly plagiarising material. On Thursday, Wright's staff was alerted to a new problem. Reporters checking Mair's background had come up with a list of more than a dozen books he had written, including the sex volume. The Fort Worth Star-Telegram and the Washington Post both carried stories Saturday on Mair's authorship of the book "The Sex Book Digest: A Peek behind the Covers of 113 of the Most Erotic,

Goukouni accuses Habre of assassinations

OUAGADOUGOU (R) -Chad's opposition leader Gouknuni Oueddei has accused President Hissene Hahre's government of assassinating two exiled political opponents.

Goukouni, Hahre's predecessor as Chad president, said in an interview the assassinations took place in Nigeria and Cameroun earlier this month.

"Now that reconciliation efforts have failed, N'djamena is resorting to terrorist tactics of intimidatinn," he said.

Goukouni said one of his supporters, an Arabic teacher he named as Ibrahim Ousdaz was gunned down on Jan. 14 in the

TOKYO (AP) — The Japanese

government plans to impose

strong sanctions on North Korea

for its suspected role in the dis-

appearance of a South Korean

airliner in November with 115

people on board, news reports

Japanese newspapers, quoting unidentified Foreign Ministry

officials, said the cabinet was

expected to approve the punitive

measures Tuesday, including

bans on entry into Japan hy

North Korean officials and on

most trips to North Korea by

diplomatie contacts between the

two countries in other nations.

Also as part of the sanctions.

Japan will strengthen its coopera-

tion with South Korea at this

year's summer Olympics in Seoul

and support an expected United

Nations resolution condemning

North Korea for its alleged role in

the disappearance of the plane,

not available for comment.

Foreign Ministry officials were

Japan maintains diplomatic re-

the reports said.

said Sunday.

Japan said planning tough

sanctions against N. Korea

Cameroun town of Kousseri, on the hanks of the River Chari, which marks the frontier between Chad and Cameroun.

Two days later, at Maiduguri in northeastern Nigeria, Goukouni said his local representative. Adam Yaro, was killed by four commandos among whom eyewitnesses recognised Touka Haliki, police chief in

N'djamena. Goukouni, who held talks Saturday with Burkina Faso leader Blaise Compaore, called for protection for Chadian exiles by the countries which offer them shelter and by the United Nations high commissioner for refugees.

lations with South Korea, but has

no official diplomatic ties with

On Jan. 15, a woman identified

as Kim Hyon Hui, 25, said in a

televised news conference in

Seoul that she was a North Ko-

rean agent and had planted a

North Korea.

Goukouni was overthrown by Habre in 1982. He formed an alliance with Libya, but broke with Tripoli in October 1986.

His forces joined Habre's army, but he has refused to follow other rebel leaders who railied to Habre after his rout of Lihyan forces in a series of hattles early last year in northern Chad.

"Since our armed forces have united on the battleground in the north (nf Chad), we have been waiting in vain for national reconciliation worthy of its name which would permit all Chadians to finally return to their country,"

Goukouni said Habre was mistaken if he believed he could satisfy the opposition by offering them ministerial posts. In a government shake-up last Angust, Habre appointed former rebel opponent Wadal Abdnl Kader Kamougue as minister of agricul-

Hahre wants rebels to return to consolidate his government, but Goukouni has demanded as a condition for his return various institutional changes, including a revision of the provisional constitution, reform of Habre's sole ruling party Unir and reorganisation of the army.

Warsaw Pact forces seen having heavy edge over NATO

such an edge over NATO that the West should insist on a five-toone ratio in cuts of conventional forces in Europe, the Rand Corp. said in a study Saturday. "If we're going to end up with

equal forces, we're going to have bomh on board the plane. The Korean Air Boeing 707 dis-appeared Nov. 29 off the coast of to start with very unequal reduc-The nationally circulated news air force. paper Yomiuri Shimbun quoted a Recent statements by Soviet ministry official as saying the new leader Mikhail Gorbachev that

sanctions, requested by South Korea, are tougher than ones the Soviet Union was ready to negotiate seriously on conven-Japan imposed after a 1983 tional force reductions may bombing in Rangoon, Burma, that killed 17 visiting South Kobreathe new life in the mutual halanced force reduction rean officials. (MBFR) talks, which have made A Burmese court ruled that no progress in 15 years.

North Korean agents were re-sponsible for the 1983 hlast. Since Leaders of the 16 nations in the North Atlantic Treaty Organisathen, the earlier sanctions have tion (NATO) have not yet formnbeen discontinued. lated the approach they wish to The news reports said the new take in so-called conventional stasanctions also will limit the entry bility talks, which are replacing of North Korean seamen into

the MBFR negotiations. Japan and han any direct charter "NATO needs to get its act flights between the two countries. together on conventional arms

WASHINGTON (AP) - Soviet- control as soon as possible, not led Warsaw Pact forces enjoy only to understand its interests in this area but also to retake the arms control initiative and the public relations edge that goes with it," Thomson said. "Gorbachev may shortly produce a proposal of his own.

NATO should reject any deal that calls for the Warsaw Pact to reduce its forces on less than a five-to-one ratio, said the report, which was based in part on computer simulations of how the opposing forces would fare in

commonly accepted two-to-one ratio of Warsaw Pact over NATO forces did not take adequate account of air power, in which the Soviets also enjoy an edge. The Soviets bave 2.8 million

tions," said James A. Thomson, a Rand vice president who directed the study on contract for the U.S.

Thomson cantioned that the

soldiers to NATO's 2.7 million, 52,200 main battle tanks to NATO's 22,214. 24,035 artillery pieces to NATO's 8.974, 5,229 comhat aircraft to NATO's 3.243 and 2,085 armed helicopters to NATO's 714, according to the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London.

East Germany ready to dismantle INF missiles ahead of schedule

East German leader Erich Honecker has said that intermediate range nuclear missiles deployed in East Germany and Czechoslovakia could be scrapped ahead of a superpower timetable for their

Honecker made the statement during a meeting Saturday with Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou in East Berlin, the

ADN news agency reported. The East German leader said that an agreement with the Soviet Union had been reached to scrap the missiles "earlier than

Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-

EAST BERLIN (Agencies) - hachev and U.S. President Ronald Reagan in December signed a treaty to eliminate intermediate and shorter-range nuclear missiles. The treaty was ratified by War-

saw Pact members in East Berlin during a visit by Gorbachev following the summit. The treaty has not yet been ratified by the U.S. Senate.

It was not clear whether Honecker's statement referred to a timetable for destruction of the missiles independent of the U.S. Senate deliberations or if the missiles would be scrapped ahead of the schedule spelled nut in the

Sean Connery, the incorruptible policeman in "The Untouch-The award for original song was won hy "(I've had) the time of My Life," from "Dirty Danc-

written hy Frank Previte, Donald Markowitz and John De-The presentations represented the press group's occasional

eccentricity. The selection of Kirkland over such performers as Glenn Close ("Fatal Attraction") and Faye Dunaway ("Barfly") seemed to stun the Beverly Hilton audience of 1,200.

for submarine through Israel HAMBURG (Agencies) -- Offilacked details needed to build the

S. Africa may have got designs

cials suspect two West German shiphnilders may have constructed and sent a model sub-marine to Sonth Africa without an export permit, according to the latest issue of the news magazine Der Spiegel.

cent of the national population of

16 million, say they are discrimin-

ated against by the Sinhalese majority. Sinhalese comprise 75

per cent of the population and

control the national government

The Liberation Tigers of Tamil

Eelam are the most dominant

Tamil rebel group and have re-

did not believe that the provincial

elections would be held until April. The elections would allow

the Tamil minority to set up

semi-autonomous governments in the northern and eastern pro-

Jayewardene and his delega-

tion will leave for New Delhi

Monday and return next

dene was facing criticism from his fellow Sinhalese, the Tamils and

members of his government who

On the eve of his trip, Jayewar-

Government sources said they

jected the peace accord.

and the military.

Saturday

separate state.

A federal parliamentary committee was probing the matter despite the suspension on Jan. 12 of a government investigation of the shiphuilders in the Baltic port of Kiel, it added.

The government inquiry was dropped after it was determined that submarine hlueprints provided to South Africa by the companies, Howaldtswerke-Deutsche Werft (HDW) and Ing-enieurkontor Luebeck (IKL),

West German law prohibits

arms exports to designated regions of conflict such as South Der Spiegel said Saturday the

parliamentary inquiry was checking indications that the model submarine was shipped to South Africa via Israel last month. The magazine said investigators had found HDW documents

showing a large, beavy crate that may have contained the submarine had left Kiel for Israel on Dec. 15.

Der Spiegel's report was re-leased ahead of Monday's publication.

Defrocked priest reportedly linked to IRA arms shipment

LONDON (R) - British intelligence sources believe a defrocked Irish Catholic priest may have arranged the smuggling of 200 tons of arms and ammuninon to the outlawed Irish Republican Army (IRA) from Libya, the Sunday Times said.

The paper said the 58-year-old priest was believed to be part of a small IRA cell that had arranged four arms shipments to the IRA since 1984, including up to 12 ground-to-air SAM missiles.

British and Irish police learned of the deliveries after a fifth shipment of 150 tons of arms ahoard the coaster Eksund was intercepted in November hy French police who interrogated its five-man Irish crew. The Times said the priest, who was defrocked in 1973, was ordained in 1954 and began working for the IRA in the late 1960s.

He quickly became a key figure in Europe, opening bank accounts, acting as a courier for funds and travelling several times to Tripoli for meetings with Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi to arrange arms shipments. After being arrested and expel-

led from several countries, the ex-priest dropped out of sight in the 1970s and was now in hiding somewhere in Europe, the paper quoted British government sources as saving.

Manigat leads in Haiti polls

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) — Les-lie François Manigat, the military junta's favoured candidate who has close links with the United States, took a commanding lead over his rivals in Haiti's controversial presidential poll, according to official results released Sunday Haiti's state-run television net-

work began broadcasting the results around midnight showing Manigat well ahead of any other contenders for president. Manigat, 57, appeared on tele-

vision Saturday night to spell out his government programme, saying if elected, he would devote all his energies "to fight against misery.

"We are going to hold power. It will be a true, honest, democratic government, entirely devoted to the cause of the masses to drag them out of their misery," he told

Political observers saw in the broadcast the final hint that Manigat was the military junta's chosen candidate.

British Liberals endorse merger with Social Democrats BLACKPOOL, England ward, not to the past.

(Agencies) — Britain's Liberals have drawn the curtain on a political era, voting in massive numbers at a special assembly to merge with the smaller Social Democratic Party (SDP). In a massive endorsement of

leader David Steel, who staked his political life on a merger, the higgest gathering in Liberal Party history voted 2099-385 Saturday for political union as the Social and Liberal Demo-

The endorsement of more than five to one easily exceeded the two-thirds majority required for merger to proceed and immediately revived speculation that Steel would stand after all for leadership of the new party.

During six months of sometimes acrimonious negotiations, Steel persistently said he was most unlikely to be a candidate for that post after 12 years as leader of the Liberals, a party rich with a tradition of 19th century humanism but a fringe force in 20th century politics. Speaking after the vote, Steel said: "I'm determined to see this process through. I feel a

great sense of achievement. But

it is the end of a chapter and perhaps it is time to begin a new SDP leader Robert MacLennan, who took over that mantle after the merger issue split his party and former leader David Owen announced be would head a breakaway faction,

magnificent result." Steel gambled on merger swiftly after general elections last June left the two parties, despite a joint campaign on a ticket called the alliance, with only 22 seats between them in the 650-seat parliament. The Liberals took 17 and the SDP

quickly described the vole as "a



David Steel

In his address to the assembly, Steel argued passionately that union would not mean an end to more than a century of liberal ideals.

"I will be a liberal to the day I die," he declared. But he said the new party must look for-

Steel has argued that merger was the only way to forge a viable centrist force in British politics able to challenge the ruling Conservatives of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher. "Our people want us to be-

come the electable oppositinn... a truly effective party able to challenge the Tories (Conservatives) at the next election. The Liberals' 90,000 mem-

bers will now vote by post to endorse the assembly's decision, a ballot regarded as a formality after Saturday's out-The SDP will also hold a

special conference next weekend to ballot its ruling council, with both sides aiming at a merged party to fight local conneil elections within the next three months and election of their first leader later in the

Opposition to the merger had grown since Steel and MacLennan made public a 6,000-word document earlier this month outlining policy for the proposed party. The document, the culmina-

tion of eight months of painstaking and often controversial negotiations, was angrily thrown out by the Liberals. They opposed, among other things, its acceptance of the government's plans to buy U.S. Trident nuclear missiles, its support for nuclear power stations and its call for extending the sales tax to food and children's clothes.

Endorsement of Trident contrasted with the alliance's June electoral pledge to retain only Britain's aging Polaris nuclear missiles.

A new and less controversial policy document was drawn up last weekend by a small team of negotiators.

MOSCOW (AP) - Foreign Minister Eduard A. Shevard-

Uzbekistan officials stole \$5 billion MOSCOW (R) - More than four billion roubles (over \$5 billion) were stolen from govern-

ment coffers in Soviet Uzbekistan in a corruption scandal ravolving the cotton industry, the Communist Party newspaper Pravda said Saturday. Three people have been executed over the scandal, first publicised in 1984, which involved skimming off state funds by pudding cotton production figures. Pravide said investigators working for five years in Uzbekistan had uncuvered a system of organised crime, racketeers, "underground millionaires" and hired killers. It said the investigation was almost complete but did not say when it would be finished. The former Uzbek party chief, Sharaf Rashidov, died in 1983 before the scandal broke but was posthumously accused of curruption and stripped of all his official

in love in prison. The affair involves Emilia Libera, 34, a former member of the Red Brigades leftist guerrilla group and Sergio Calore, 36, formerly of the extreme right revolutionary Armed Nuclei, according to Italian newspaper and television reports. "The two kids love each other," the Rome daily La Repubblica quoted prison chaptain Father Natale Fianco as saying. "Deten-tion brings people together. One thinks of the future, one hopes, one gives each other courage. the priest added. The lovers, both "repentant" guerrillas who have cooperated with police since their arrest, have been twice granted permission to leave the prison south of Rome for several weeks because of good behaviour. When they were on the run, Libera and Calore were connected with some of the most notorious guerrilla actions - she with the kidnapping of U.S. General James Doziet in 1981 and he with a Bologna railway station bomb which killed \$5 people in 1980. Their respective groups readily killed each other's mem-

centre for Khashoggi

dent university, which has no connection with American University in Beirut.

Exotic, Edifying Sex Books,

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South ♥10762 ♦9852 ♣A3

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

2 NT Pass ? What action do you take?

A.—Opposite a 21-22 point two no trump, we wouldn't be too critical had you decided to pass. However, the odds Tavor bidding close vulnerable games, and your hand will play better in hearts if your side has a 4-4 fit because of your ruffing value in clubs. To explore that possibility, make a Stayman in-quiry of three clubs. If partner de-nies a major or shows spades, con-

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: ♠A ∇854 ◇AK962 ♠KQ103 The bidding has proceeded:
 South
 West
 North
 East

 1 ◊
 Pass
 1 ♥
 Pass

 2 ◆
 Pass
 2 ♥
 Pass

What do you bid now? A.—While partner has shown no great strength, he almost certainly has a six-card heart suil on this auction. Therefore, your support is more than adequate. Don't put pressure on partner with a pusillanimous raise to three hearts-

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as South The bidding has proceeded: North East South West Pass i 4 Pass What action do you take? A .- While you are not enthralled

with the prospects of playing in di-

amonds, there is nothing you can

do that offers any margin of safe-

ty. A bid of two spades on such a

weak five-card suit invites disas-

ter if the hand is a misfit. Since it is

quite possible partner has a six-

card suit, pass before you get into

real trophie.

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you ♦AJ1073 ♥AK82 ♦AJ9 The bidding has proceeded: East South West Pass 1 4 Pass Pass 2 ♥ Pass 1 • Pass

What do you bid now? A .- It sounds as if partner has a minimum opener and not much of a fit for your suit, but you should not yet give up on slam. We suggest you try three diamonds. If partner can do no more than bld three spades or three no trump, we would settle for four spades; if he jumps to four spades or cue-bids four diamonds, we would take the

Q.5—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: **4QJ92** ♥93 ♦KQ76 **4K82** The bidding has proceeded: South West
1 Pass
1 Pass North East 1 ♣ Pass t ♥ Pass 1 NT Pass ? What action do you take?

A.—This is a matter of arithmetic.

You have tt points opposite a part-ner who might have 15. In addi-

tion, you have some useful inter-

mediates and your king of clubs

should be upgraded. Therefore, we would invite partner to game if he is maximum by raising to two no Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South AAK873 ♥8 ♥QJ95 #AQ8 The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

Pass 2 0

What do you bid now? A .- The value of your hand has just increased tremendously, and a raise to three diamonds doesn't come close to doing it justice. We would jump to four diamonds, confirming our fit and leaving the maximum room available for slam exploration should partner desire